

Effects of Implementing an Innovative

Education Initiative for Recognition

Management of Delirium in Acute Hospitals

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Who we are ...









Funding

- NSW Health
- University of Wollongong

Delirium care research at UOW 2008

- Lothian NHS Trust, University of Edinburgh, Australian
 Commonwealth Government, NSW Health and UOW
 - Delirium Care Pathways
 - 'Delirium Care Flip Chart' and 'Delirium Care Patient Journey' Filmed Vignettes
 - Detecting delirium in emergency departments
 - Recognition and identification of delirium by RNs
 - Role of anaesthetics in delirium
 - OSCEs as innovative delirium care education

Outputs from our collaborations



Delirium Care Pathways

Developed on behalf of the Australian Health Ministers' Advisory Council (AHMAC) by the AHMAC Health Care of Older Australian Standing Committee 2010









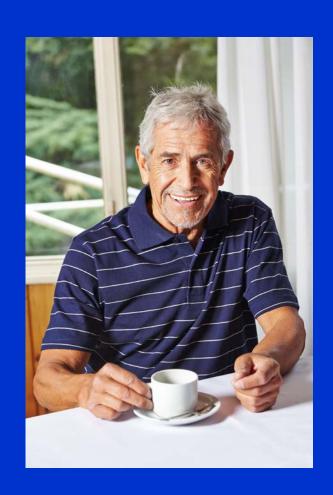
Research aim and objectives

- Evaluate the implementation of a multi-modal education intervention on delirium care in acute care hospitals
 - Pre and post test surveys (baseline, immediately post and six-weeks post)
 - Observations of practice
 - Reflective accounts



Multi-modal education

- Face-to-face session using the 'Delirium Care Flip Chart'
- Online delirium care module
- Reflective activity reviewing documentation
- Delirium care Objective
 Structured Clinical
 Examinations (OSCEs)



Sample and setting

- Aged care wards
 - Regional sub-acute hospital
 - Urban acute care hospital
- Facilitators
 - Senior RNs (nurse practitioner, clinical nurse consultants and clinical nurse educators)
- Learners
 - RNs, ENs, allied health and medics
- Role play actors for OSCEs
 - Assistants in nursing



How were the OSCEs undertaken?







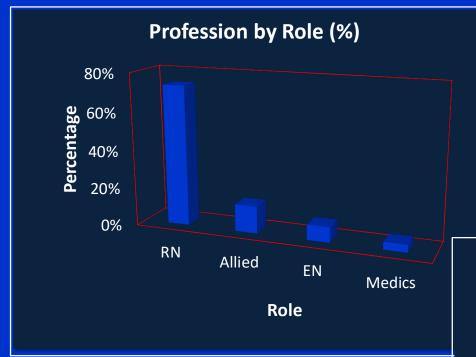
The logistics

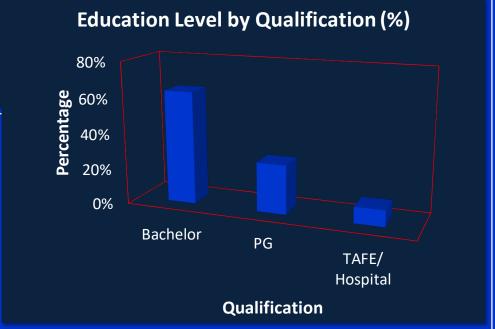
- Launch event crucial with media attention
- Integration of intervention into existing educational calendar schedule and delivered within usual staffing profile
- All staff involved, including AINs in the role playing activities
- Focus was on ensuring education intervention was engaging
- Education focused on confidence and competence in delirium care with practical aspects in OSCE

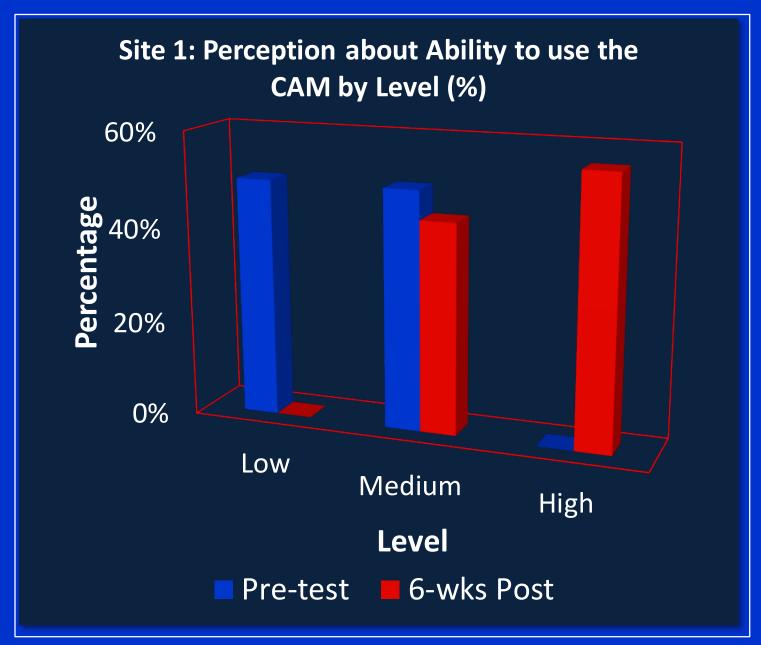


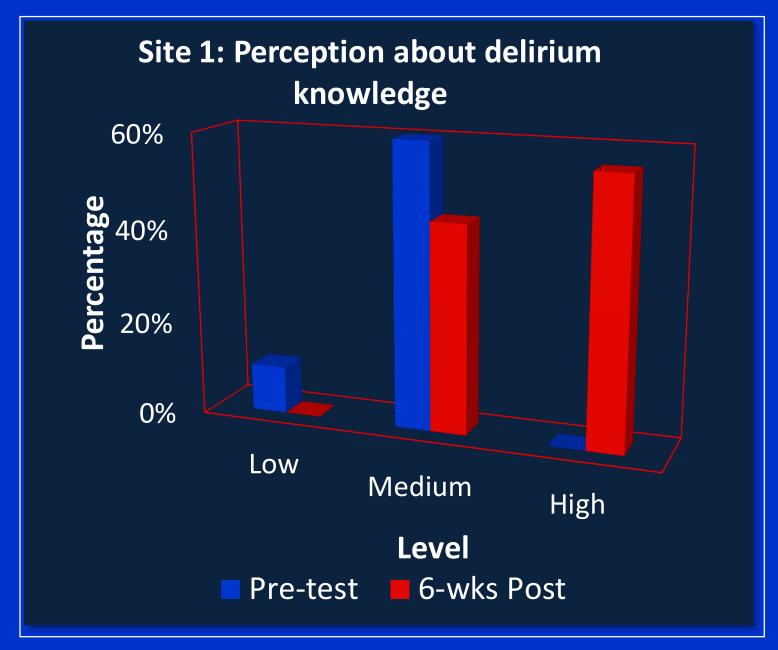
Findings

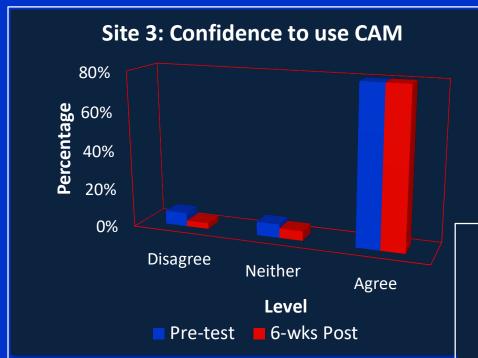
• N=98: Learners completed the programme across two sites

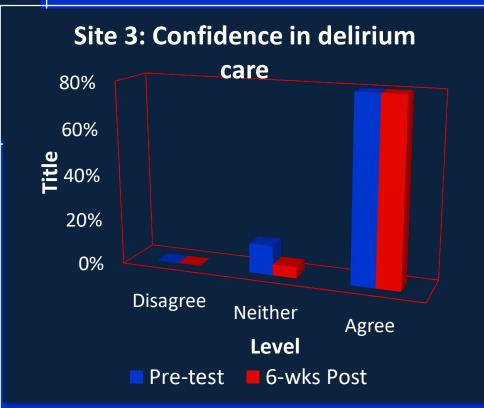


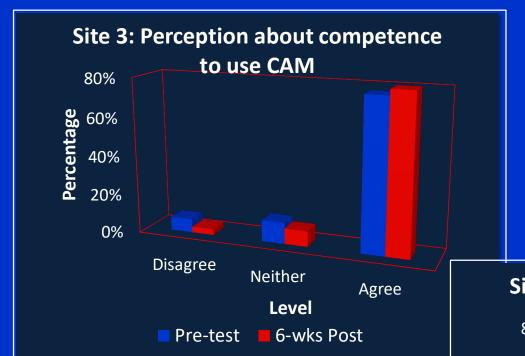


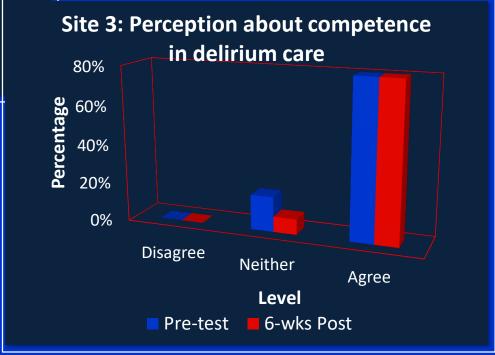












"Scenarios allow nurses to practice what they need to do"

"Putting into action the knowledge and skills obtained from this education session."

"It retains much more knowledge ... we got to participate as well as use critical thinking in the normal hospital scenarios."

"It is very practical and provides up-to-date information useful in actual practice."

And the facilitators

"The OSCE was a great way to see how the nursing staff put their delirium knowledge and clinical skills into practice."

I was able to validate appropriate clinical management directly after the session to reinforce positive [delirium] management."

"Being able to offer support/ encouragement to staff when doing the face-to-face component."

What's next? 2018-ongoing

- Extending the research to private hospital setting in Sydney
- Adding observation of practice to the evaluation outcomes
- Collaboration in Taiwan with Taipei
 Medical University in an intensive care unit with a RCT with usual non-OSCE education as the control
- Resources published an available on the ADHERe website (www.adh







"We're all ears": Any questions?









Further Information

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