

Implementation of an Electronic Handover Tool: Learning from Program Evaluation.

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No financial compensation was received from any parties or organizations involved in this work. There are no conflicts of interest to disclose. Any reference to a specific model, product, or method is only one example of many potential options to consider.



Introduction and Background



- Significance of problem (i.e. patient safety, communication failures)
- Issue within organizations globally (i.e. worldwide initiatives)
- One organizations intervention (implementation of electronic bedside tool)

Program Evaluation Continued

- Why do it?
 - Up to 70% of change initiatives fail²
 - Fail forward³
 - What gets measured. . .⁴

“Success is stumbling from failure to failure with no loss of enthusiasm.” (*Winston Churchill*)⁵



**Fail early, fail often, but
always fail forward.**

John C. Maxwell

“ quote fancy

Program Evaluation Continued

A JOB
WELL DONE
TODAY IS THE BEST
PREPARATION FOR
TOMORROW



YOU
CAN
WIN

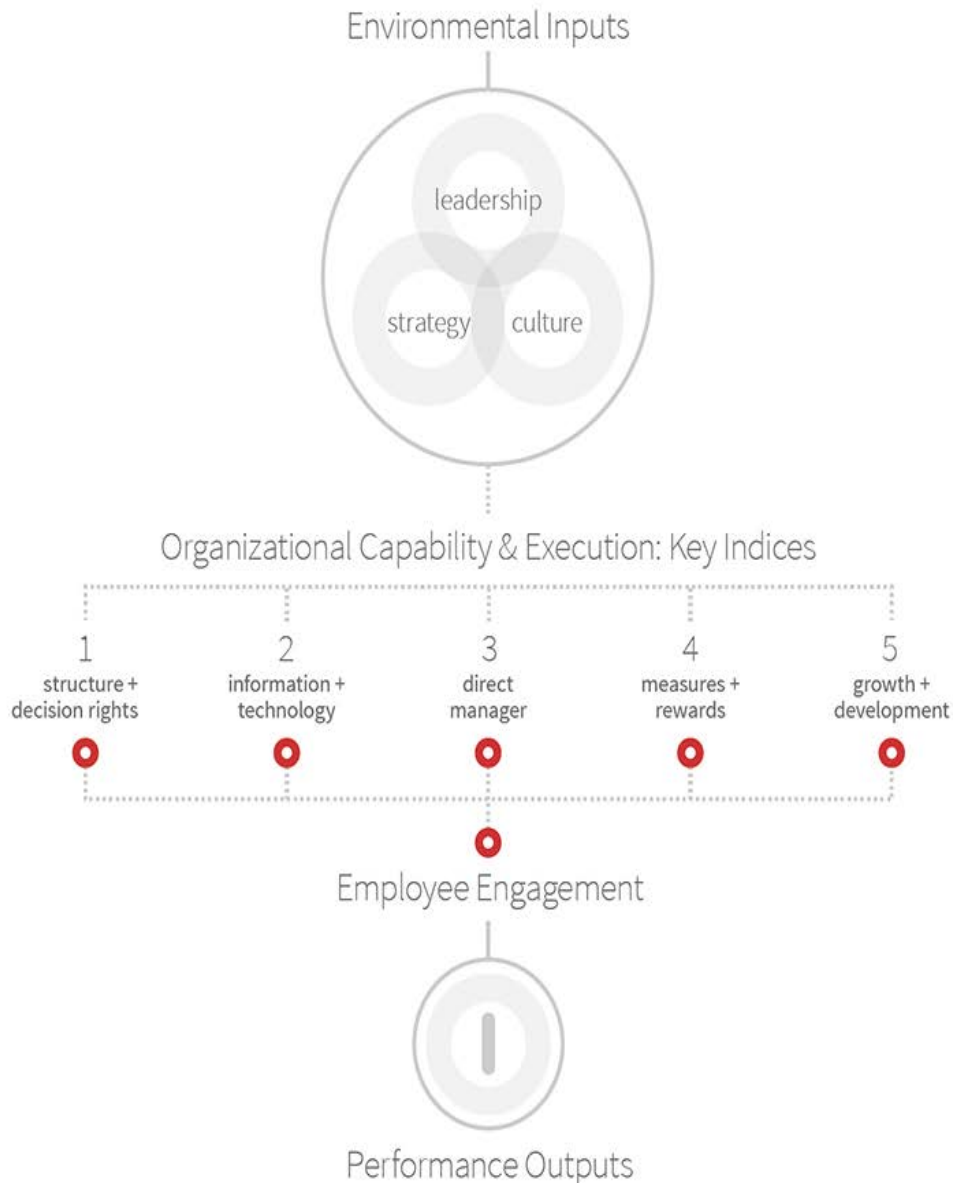
How is it done?⁶

- Address specific goals
- Inclusive
- Honest
- Replicable & Rigorous

Application from DNP
project examples following

<https://i.pinimg.com/736x/21/43/03/214303cb40e69bbdf3243e1cb0213c3c--mumbai-singapore.jpg>

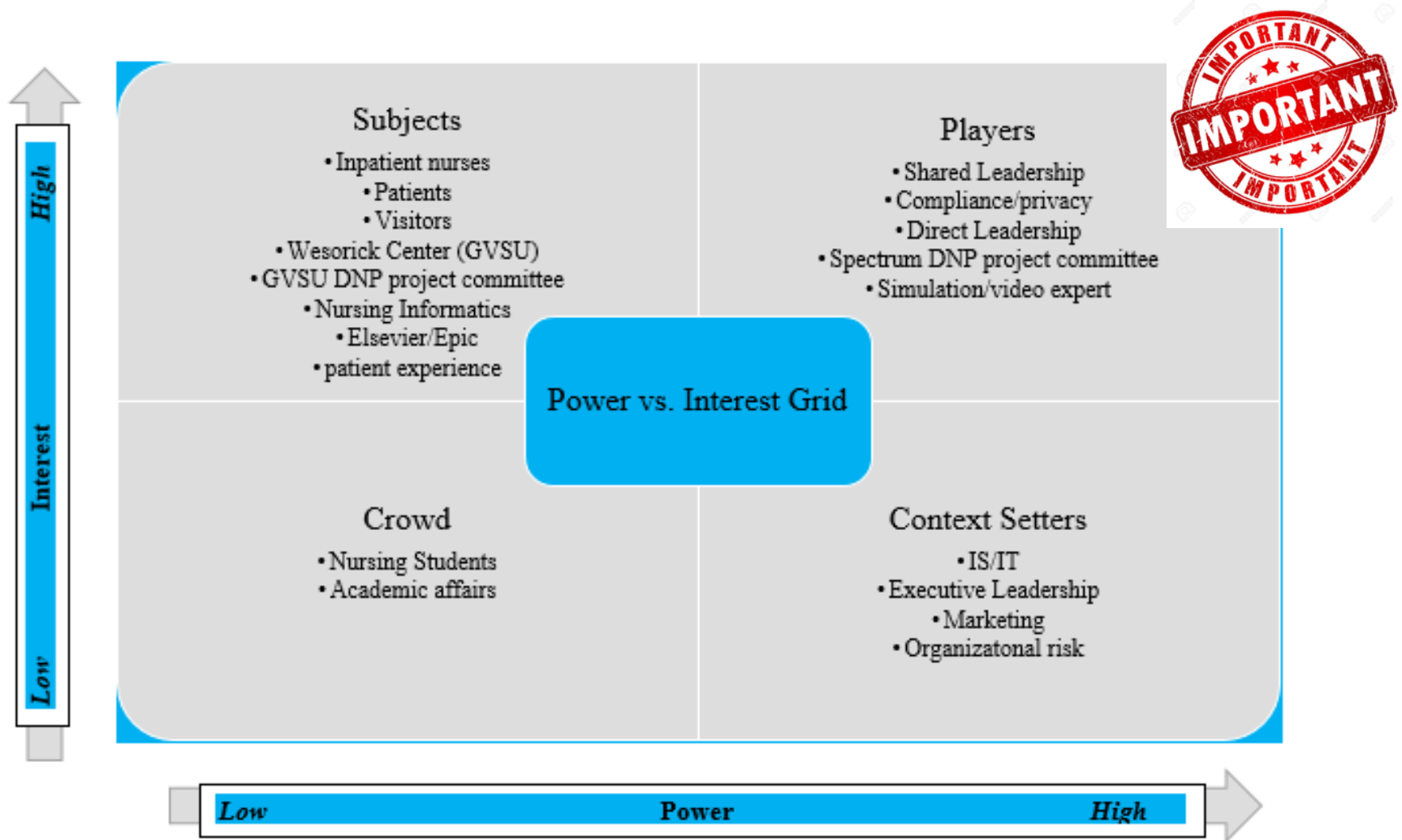
Organizational Intelligence Model™



- Environmental factors: health policy, competition
- Strong leadership support of strategy to support culture shift
- Evidence of employee engagement
- Performance output: use of new report tool embedded in the EHR (Electronic Health Record)

Organizational Assessment⁷

Stakeholder Analysis Example⁸



SWOT Example⁸

• Strengths (internal-helpful to objectives)

Handover toolkit
Current policy
Leadership support
Video equipment
DNP student
Integrated training
Evidenced based tools in new EHR



• Weaknesses (internal-harmful to objectives)

Inconsistent practice
Competing projects
Large scale changes
Tight timeline
Focus not all-inclusive
Limited video experience
Perception of not valuing toolkit work



No similar video
Collaboration with GVSU
Wesorick Center
May improve patient experience



• Opportunities (external-helpful to objectives)

Competing priorities
May hinder patient experience
Perceived privacy risk
Other products or evidence may be better



Threats (external-harmful to objectives)

Articles retrieved from GVSU databases:
MEDLINE, PUBMED, CINAHL, EBSCOhost, OVID,
and COCHRANE (N= 5668)

Did not meet inclusion
criteria (N = 5631)

Met inclusion criteria and reviewed (N = 37)

Not relevant to topic; reasons not
included were pediatric population,
setting was surgical, emergency or
non-adult inpatient, tool was not truly
electronic based, or full article unable
to be retrieved. (N = 22)

Relevant to topic (N = 15)

Retrieved secondary
source (N = 12)

Relevant to topic (N = 27)

Not relevant to topic; reasons not
included were pediatric population,
setting not inpatient or tool was not
truly electronic based (N = 7)

Final articles in review
(N = 20)

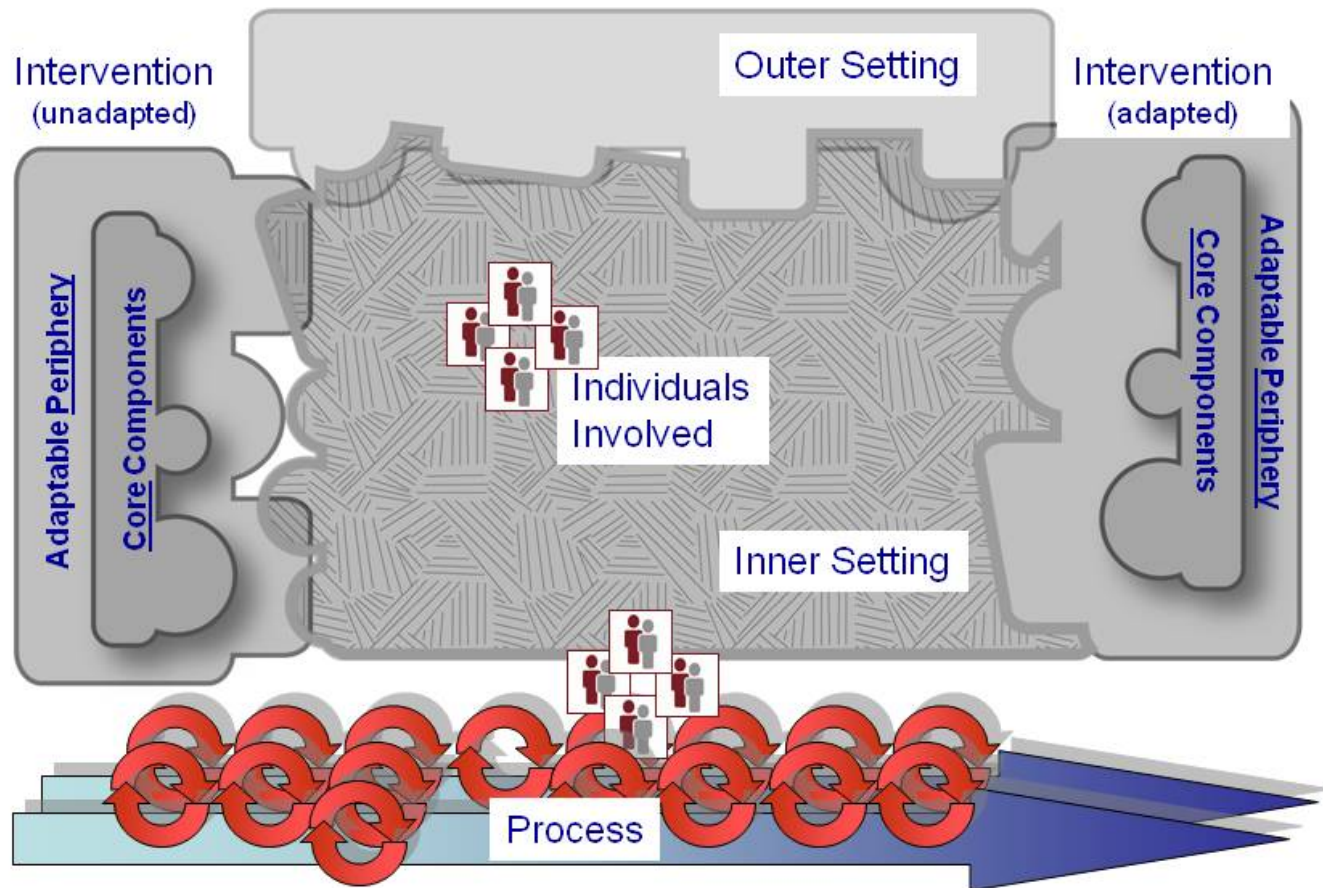
Review of Literature

- Search for “electronic handoff tools” or methods

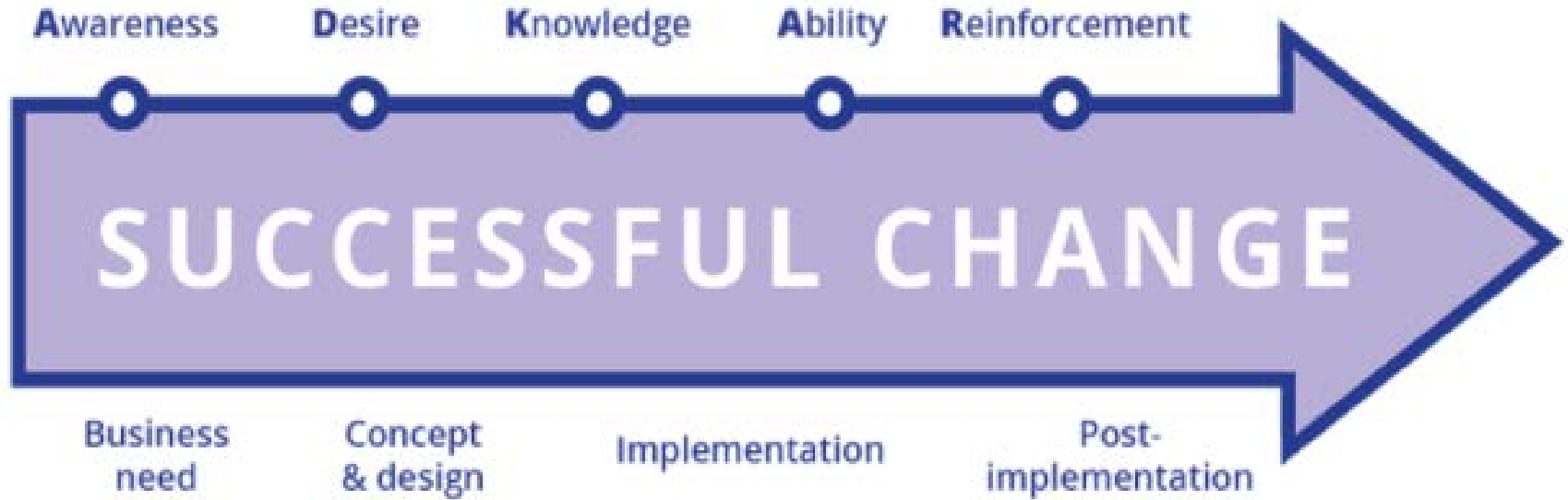
Additional Literature Support

- Bundled educational interventions evidence based⁹
- Video/media methodology evidence based generationally¹⁰
- Classroom practice evidence based¹¹
- Communication, multiple formats, multiple times supported
- “At the elbow” support crucial in technology implementation¹²

Consolidated Framework for Implementation Research (CFIR)¹³



THE PEOPLE SIDE OF CHANGE



PHASES OF A CHANGE PROJECT

ADKAR^{14, 15}

Perform an evidence based evaluation of the educational interventions to implement tool

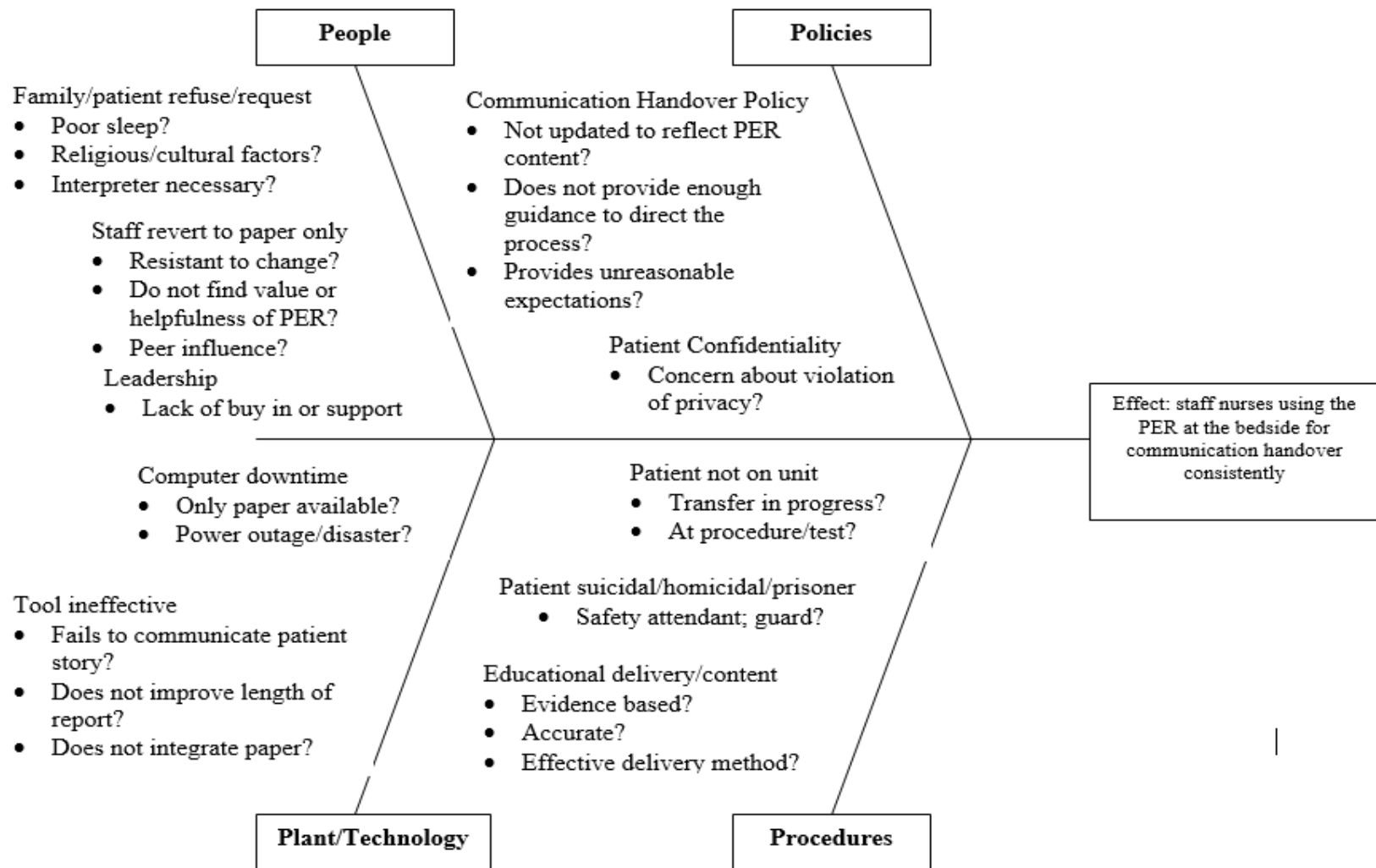
- Determine how education was planned
- Determine how education and tool were implemented
- Determine how the system evaluated the process

Determine the impact of implementing tool

- Determine any change in avg. length of report
- Determine any change in perception of report
- Determine any change in practice at bedside or use of EHR during report

Evaluation (Process Domain CFIR¹³)

- Planning: timing, quantity and quality, consistency, risk reduction
- Engaging: who and to what degree involved, formal and informal leaders, champions, external change agents
- Executing: adherence to the plan
- Evaluating: qualitative and quantitative feedback



Cause & Effect Analysis (Quality Improvement tool example)¹⁶

Reflecting & Evaluating Examples

- Pre- and post-classroom training surveys
- Pre- and post- go-live observations
- Perception of
- Interviews
- Observations

Professional Exchange Report Post-Video Survey

By completing this survey, you are contributing to knowledge of practices around communication handover. There is no obligation to completing the survey or compensation for participation. Your responses are anonymous, only aggregate data will be reported and there is no foreseeable harm to participation. Thank you for your responses! If you have any questions or concerns regarding this survey, please contact Luanne Shaw, (RHS contact email was inserted here.)

By completing this survey, you are contributing to knowledge of practices around communication handover participation. Your responses are anonymous, only aggregate data will be reported and there is no foreseeable harm to participation. Thank you for your responses! If you have any questions or concerns regarding this survey, please contact Luanne Shaw, (RHS contact email was inserted here.)

Date: _____

Unit Observed
Report at bedside
EHR opened during report
Other resources used during report (other than paper report sheet or EHR)?
Length of report (defined as conclusion of information)
Patient invited to participate
Did patient participate?
Was environment of care physically addressed? (safety checks, white board, equipment, etc.)

Anecdotal field notes: (any or unresponsive, any deviations include major deviations such as appearance or hospitalization through the shift.)

What is your current unit? _____

How many years have you been a nurse? _____

I perform communication handover at bedside.
I open and use the Electronic communication handover.
I invite the patient to participate.
Typically, my report per patient is 30 min. or less for ICU.
At the end of report, I know the patient's full story.
After report, I need to go to the patient's full story.
I am satisfied with the way communication handover takes place on my unit.

- 1) What is your current unit of practice? _____
- 2) How many years have you been a nurse?
 <1 year 1-3 years 4-7 years 8-10 years >10 years
- 3) I am aware that the practice of communication handover is changing with EPIC.
 Yes No
- 4) I understand why the practice of communication handover is changing. Yes No
- 5) I desire to make changes to my current practice of communication handover. Yes No
- 6) I am knowledgeable of the specific changes to the process of communication handover.
 Yes No
- 7) I have the ability to make the specific changes for communication handover. Yes No
- 8) I need reinforcement to help me change my practice of communication handover.
 Yes No
- 9) How helpful did you find the video demonstration?
 Not at all (1) Somewhat (2) Helpful (3) Very (4)
- 10) Please share any additional comments, concerns, or questions you may have about professional exchange report:

Additional comments:

Impact of Implementation

- No change in length of report
- No change in nurse perception or consistency of practice
- EHR opened 68% more often during observed report
- Statistically significant increase in “yes” responses to awareness of, understanding why, knowledge of and ability to make specific practice changes post education

- Create formal evaluation plan
- Plan to adapt interventions
- Clarify desired outcomes
- Consider pilot studies
- Monitor progress and impact on practice and culture
- Celebrate success
- Reinforce positive behaviors and desired practice
- Re-evaluate often

Recommendations

Nursing Implications



- Include key stakeholders throughout
- Never underestimate practice culture
- Mitigate risks and acknowledge limitations
- Framework, such as CFIR, helpful in planning, implementing and evaluating
- Change models, such as ADKAR, helpful in identifying and explaining reaction to change and effectiveness of interventions
- Program evaluation can inform future implementation



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