Health and the Hospital Workplace Environment of U.S. Nurses

Susan M. Priano, RN, BSN, MSN, PhD

Carol Dawson-Rose, PhD, RN, FAAN
Oi Saeng Hong, PhD, RN, FAAN, FAAOHN

Topics to share:

- Hospital workplace and risks to health
- Survey background and Study methods
- Social and Employment Demographics
- Perceived health
- Diagnosed Health
- Workplace Environment Surveys
- Correlations between health and environment
- Implications
- Recommendations
- Summary
- The authors have no conflict of interests related to this topic.

Hospital Nurses' Health is at Risk

Hospitals are the most hazardous workplace

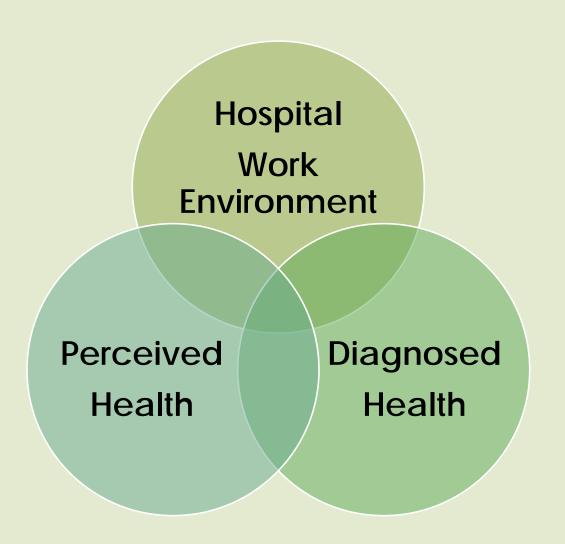
Nurses are the largest group of hospital employees

6.8 injuries per100 persons

61% of U.S. RNs work in hospitals



Describe U.S Hospital Nurses:



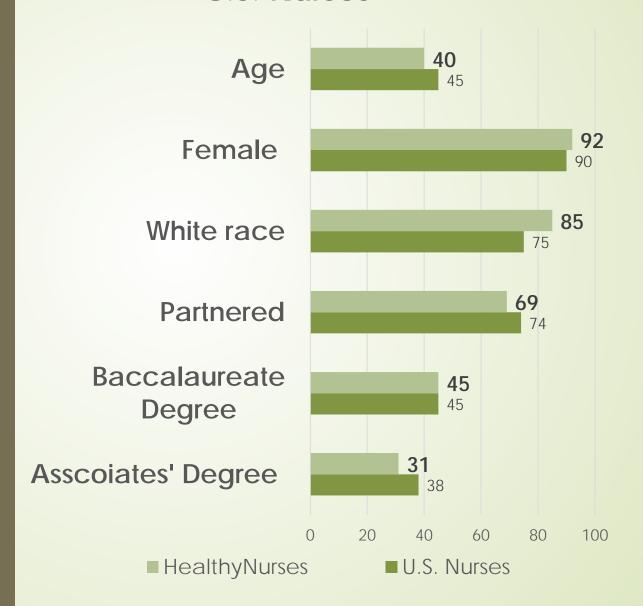
HealthyNurse™ Survey Data

- American Nurses Association voluntary online health risk appraisal
 - Nurses' lifestyles, health & work environment
- October 2013-December 2015
- Working U.S. Hospital Nurses
- Sample N=7,230; n=2730
- Descriptive Study



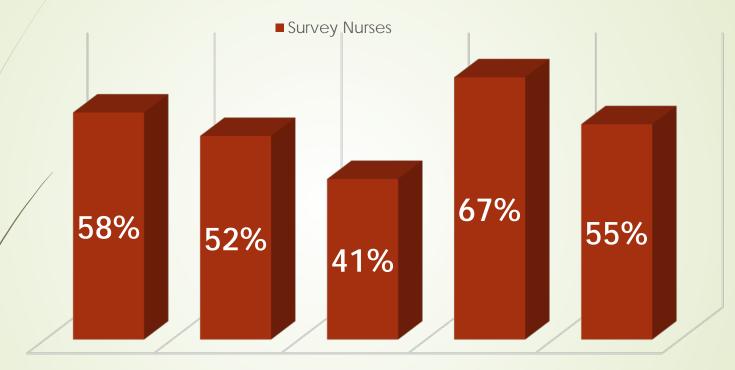
Demographics

Sample Nurses compared to U.S. Nurses



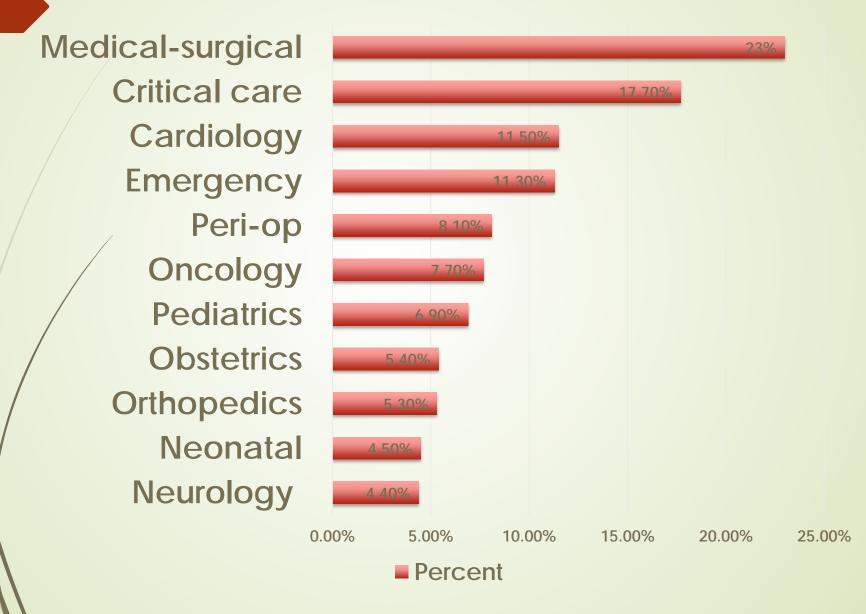
Employment characteristics





DAYSHIFT 12.HOURS OVERTIME OVERTIME WORKWHEMILL

Hospital RN Specialties

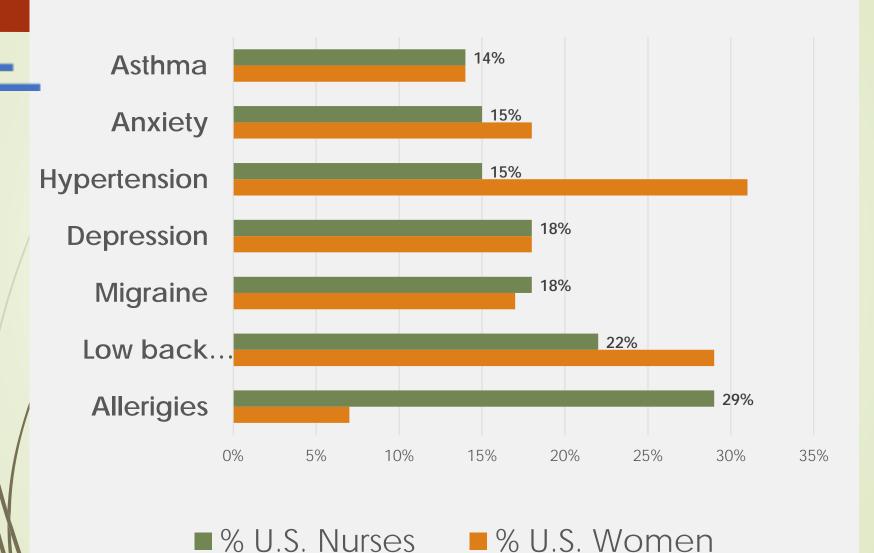


Perceived Health

U.S. Nurses compared with U.S. Women



Nurses' Diagnosed Health



Sample Nurses Body Mass Index (BMI)

1	BMI (kg/m2)	% BMI Nurse	% BMI U.S. Women
	BMI< 18.5 (kg/m2) Underweight	2%	1%
	18.5-24.9 (kg/m2) Normal weight	43%	30%
	25.0–29.9 (kg/m2) Overweight	27%	34%
	BMI > 30.0 (kg/m2) Obese	28%	35%

Workplace Climate/Culture

- 80% Employer values my health & safety
- 89% Staff look out for each others' safety
- 69% Thanked & Recognized
- 65% involved in safety planning
- → 77% Dignity& Respect
- 75% Patients' health



Greatest Health and Safety Risks



Workplace Stress 80%
Musculoskeletal Injury 60%
Hospital Acquired Infections 45%



- Safe needle technology available in 85% of hospitals
- 95% Nurses use safe needles
- 26% involved in selection and planning
- 99% have access



Safe Patient Handling

There is no safe way to manually lift patients

- 75% Have lift programs
- Less than 50% use equipment
- 34% Involved in selection
- 60% Experience musculoskeletal pain at work



Who Bullies Who?

- ► 56% peers
- 56% patients or family
- 42% "Boss"





Workplace Wellness

- Smoke Free 91%
- ► Healthy Food 57%
 - ► Affordable 40%
- Weight/Nutrition 58%
- Access to programs 76%
- Participate 49%

Workplace Environment and Sociodemographics Correlations

	Age/ Experience	Gender
Risks	Lifting Work Injury	
Bullying	Aggression from boss	Verbal assault patient/family to female gender
Wellness	Healthy food and experience	
Fatigue Shiftwork	Working when sick and age	

Sharps and safe patient lifting correlations were not examined.

Workplace Environment and Perceived Health Correlations

	Perceived Health	
Climate	Significant (weak, r= .164 to .187)	
Health, Safety Risks	Significant (weak, r=.131 to .165)	
Bullying/Violence	Significant (weak, r=.128 to .160)	
Workplace Wellness	Significant (weak, r=.112 to .193)	
Shiftwork	Pearson chi square was Significant	
Presenteeism	Significant (weak, r=235 to .140)	

No relationship between diagnosed health, BMI & workplace environment Workplace categories of Sharps or Patient handling were not examined.

Implications

- Hospitals are dangerous workplaces.
- Nurses are at risk for physical and mental injuries.
- Nurse injury results in physical, social, and economic losses.
- Patient safety & care is at risk.
- Others?



Nurses' Health is Patient's Health Recommendations:

- Being A Nurse in all ways:
 - Practice kindness, empathy, caring
 - Bring health to the workplace
 - Complementary Alternative Medicine
 - Collective Collaboration
- Leadership-top down or bottom up?
- Research exists but we need action!
- Policy & Legislation to improve worker health/safety.

Thank You

