## Demographic Profile and Job Satisfaction of Filipino-American Nurses

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#### Background

- 50% 80% of Foreign-educated nurses in the US are from the Philippines
- Filipino nurse migration to the US is influenced by a number of push and pull factors
- Is best understood in the context of the Philippines' colonial history

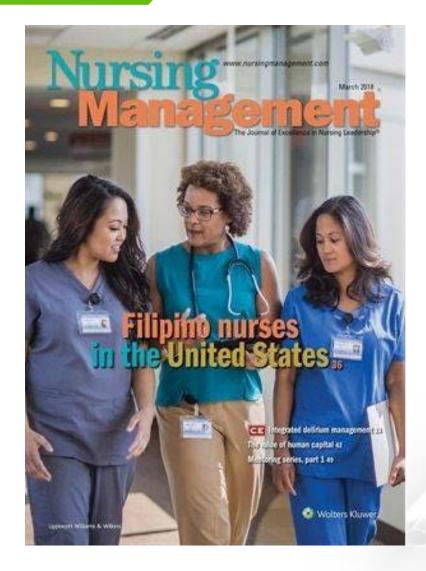
**Americanization of Nursing in the Philippines** 

- English as the medium of instruction
- Curriculum and textbooks were US based
- Early educators were Americans
- Future Filipino educators trained in US
- Professional organizations such as the National League for Nursing Education introduced

#### **Purpose of the research study**

 Describe the demographic profile of Filipino nurses in the United States and determine the association of their job satisfaction with demographic and work-related variables.

#### Methodology



- Descriptive, correlational
- Snowball sampling
- PNAA recruitment e-mails
- FB advertisement campaign

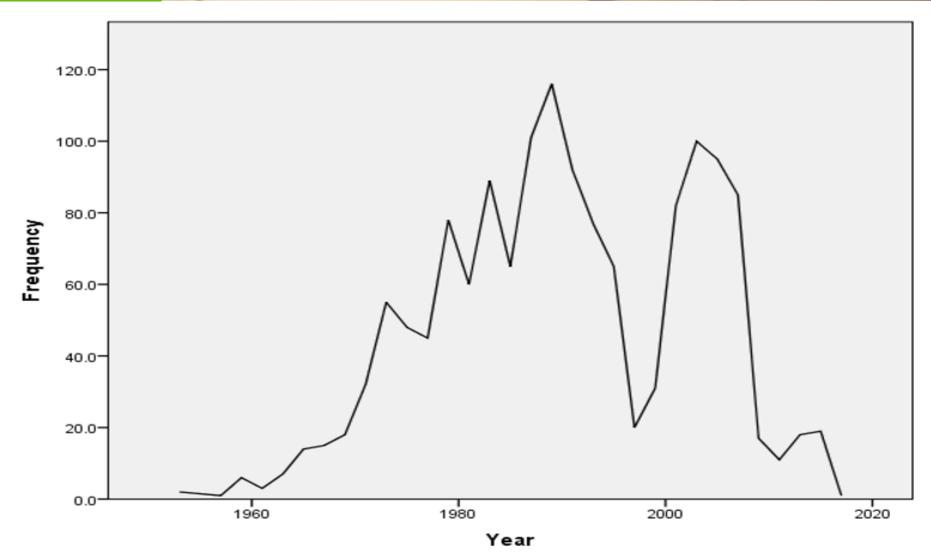
#### **Inclusion Criteria**

- Current or past residence in the US
- Self-identification as Filipino, Filipino American, or multi-racial with Filipino roots

#### **Human Subjects Approval**

William Paterson University of New Jersey

#### Trend of Entry of Filipino-American Nurses in the US



#### Results

• Total responses: 1,940

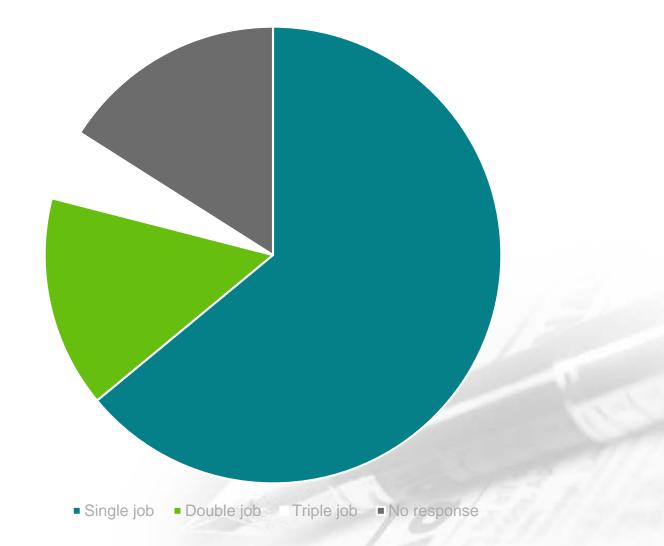
### • Included in analysis: 1,717

Demographic variable	n (%)
Age, mean (SD)	51.7 (11.9)
Female, gender	1,201 (69.9)
Married, marital status	1,017 (59.2)
Roman Catholic, religion	1,140 (66.4)
Democrats, political affiliation	461 (26.8)
Republican, political affiliation	399 (23.2)
Independent, political affiliation	359 (20.9)

## Results

Demographic Variable	n (%)
Philippines, birthplace	1,618 (94.2)
Filipino, language	1,503 (87.5)
US only, citizenship	1,261 (73.4)
Employment visa, entry	689 (40)
Immigrant visa, entry	669 (39)
BSN, first license	1,180 (68.7)
BSN, highest degree	939 (54.7)
RN, license	1,476 (86)
APRN, license	223 (13)
NP	85 (36)
CNS	73 (31)
CRNA	14 (6)
CNM	9 (4)
APRN	54 (23)

## Employment



#### **Top three fields of Primary Nursing Practice**

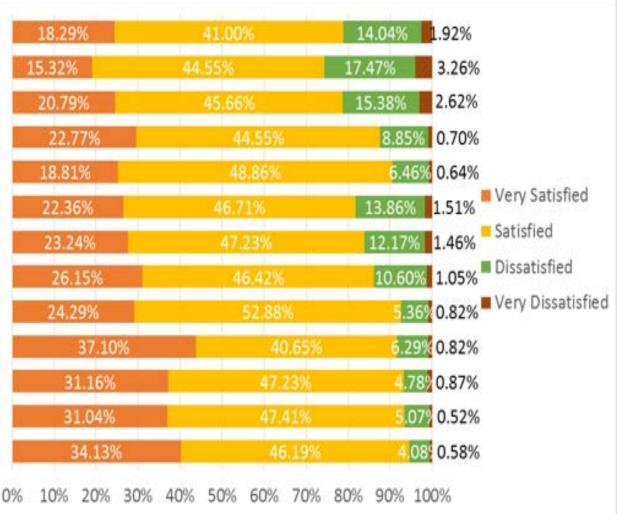
# Acute care/critical care (n = 421; 24.5%)

Medical-surgical

 Geriatrics/gerontology (n = 121; 7%)

#### **Job Satisfaction of Filipino-American Nurses**

Patient load Amount of documentation required Amount of administrative support Proportion of time in patient care Patient mix Salary/ benefits Input into organizational/ practice policies Opportunities for professional development Number of hours worked, including overtime Sense of value for what you do Respect from physician colleagues Level of autonomy Respect from other colleagues



#### **Job Satisfaction**

## High satisfaction Low satisfaction

- level of autonomy
- respect from physicians
- respect from other colleagues

- patient load
- amount of documentation

 extent of administrative support

#### Job satisfaction

#### Key findings

- State of residence was significantly related to satisfaction with patient load, salary and benefits, professional development opportunities
- Practice setting was significantly related to satisfaction with # hours worked
- Doctoral-prepared nurses and non-nursing masters have higher satisfaction with patient load

Variables not associated with job satisfaction

- APRN license
- Civil status

#### Summary

 This study is the largest survey conducted among Filipino nurses in US.

• Primarily educated at the BSN level and work full-time in a hospital setting.

 Filipino nurses in the US report a high level of job satisfaction with their primary work.

#### Implications

- Filipino nurses continue to contribute to the U.S. nursing workforce.
- Findings provide significant information about Filipino-American nurses' job satisfaction.

 This information can assist various stakeholders to create policies to protect and promote the welfare of this group of nurses.



# Jurado, L. & Saria, M. (2018). Filipino nurses in the United States. *Nursing Management*, 49(3), 36-41