Failure to Rescue: Nursing Grand Rounds 2016
Ileen Craven, DNP, CNS, MSN, RN-BC  •  Patricia Denton, BSN, RN  •  Georgia Perry, MSN, RN, CNML  •  Robert Keeter, BSN, RN
Vidant Medical Center, Greenville N.C.

Introduction

Failure to Rescue
Healthcare professional’s failure to recognize changes in a hospitalized patient’s condition which could result in life threatening circumstances.

Background

Failure to Rescue Causes:
• Failure to Communicate
• Failure to Plan
• Failure to Recognize

Purpose

• Prevention of Failure to Rescue
• Interactive Nursing Education
• Encouragement of Critical Thinking

What could we have done differently?

Methods

• CEUS for all nurse attendees
• De-identified actual cases
• Instructor led with audience participation
• Pre & Post Questionnaire for all participants
• Evaluations of presentation sent to all participants

Results

Failure to Rescue Events of Harm
Three months prior to Nursing Grand Rounds: 10 events
Three months after Nursing Grand Rounds: 5 events

50% Reduction in Events of Harm

References

• Theilen, J. (2014). Failure to Rescue as the Conceptual Basis for Nursing Clinical Peer Review. Journal of Nursing Care Quality, April-June, 155-159.

Next Steps: Failure to Rescue 2017

• Name Change
   Failure to Rescue, Recognize, React
• Failure to Rescue Road Show
   Present in all areas of hospital
• Expand Team
   Invitation for Respiratory Therapy
• Web-Ex
   Interactive, live streaming available
• Added Additional Sessions
   Seventeen cases - two month time frame

Conclusion

Failure to Rescue: Nursing Grand Rounds
• Promote Critical Thinking
• Highlighted consequences related to failure to communicate, recognize and plan
• Demonstrated the importance of trending data
• DECREASED EVENTS