

# ANSWERING THE CALL FOR IMPROVED MATERNAL SAFETY

### Authors

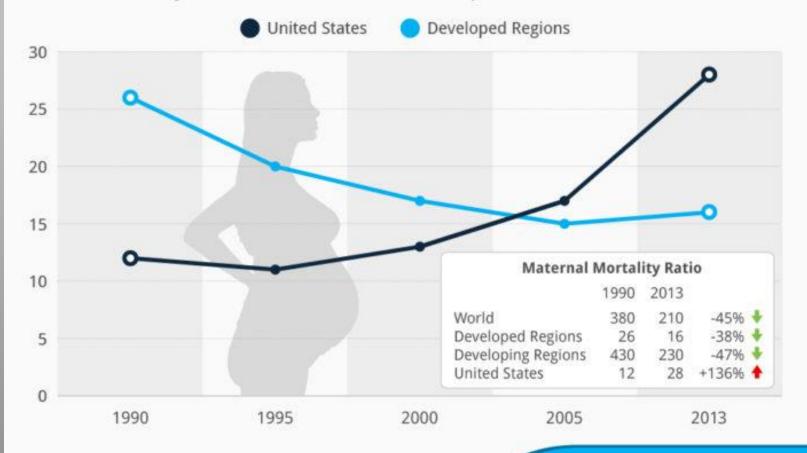
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### Employer

- Harris Health System
- Objectives:
  - Discuss current focus on improving maternal outcomes
  - Describe patient safety initiative:
    - Maternal Early Warning System (MEWS)
- Conflict of Interest, Sponsorship/Commercial Support
  - Not Applicable

### Maternal Deaths in the U.S. Are on the Rise

Maternal mortality ratio (number of maternal deaths per 100,000 live births)



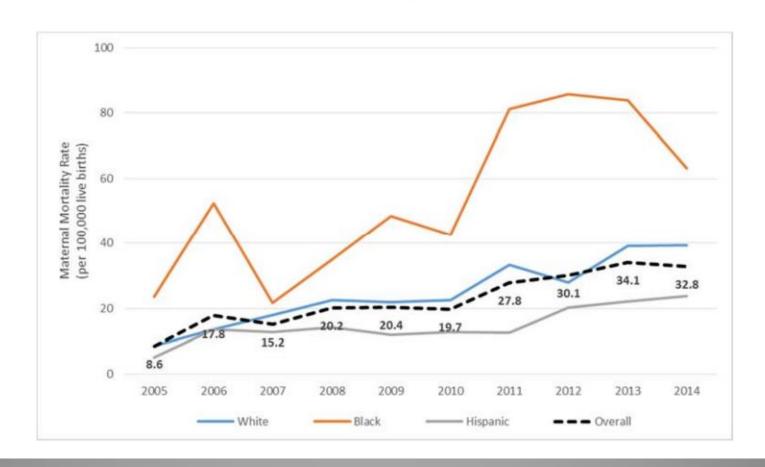


Source: World Health Organization

Mashable statista

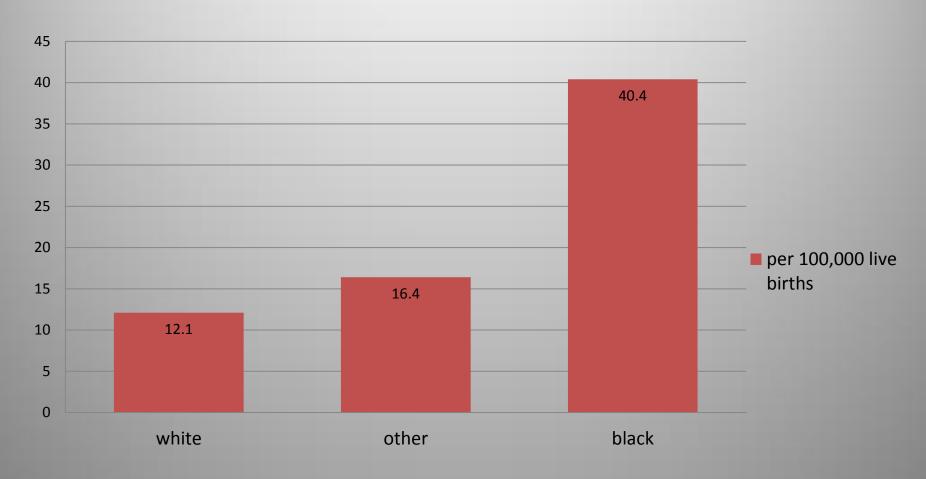
### Maternal Mortality Rate: Texas

Figure 1. Maternal mortality rate by racial/ethnic group, 2005-2014.

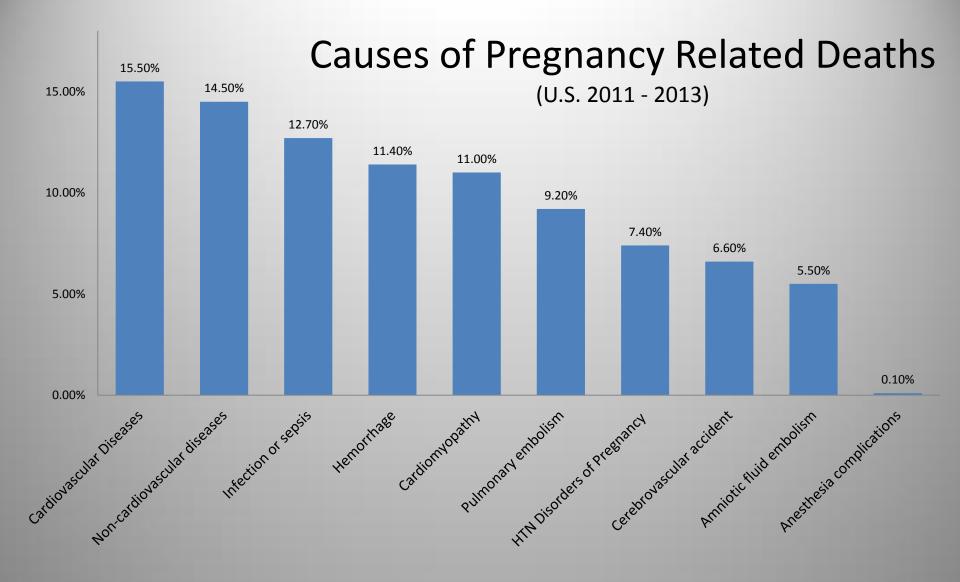


### **Racial Disparity**

U.S. Pregnancy Related Mortality Ratios



Black to White ratio -3.4 - 4.0:1



# Harris County- Maternal Mortality Rate deaths/100,000 live births within 42 days of delivery 40.0 35.0 35.0 24.9 25.0 22.8 23.2 Harris County - Maternal Mortality Rate deaths/100,000 live births within 42 days of delivery

2006-2008

2005-2007

2007-2009

2010-12

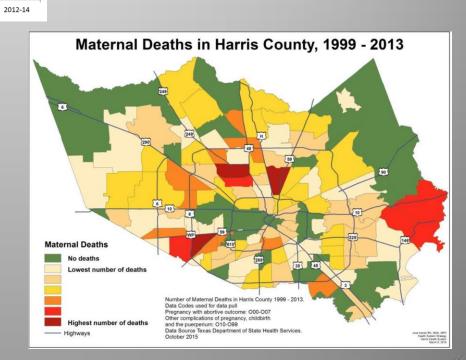
2009-11

2011-13

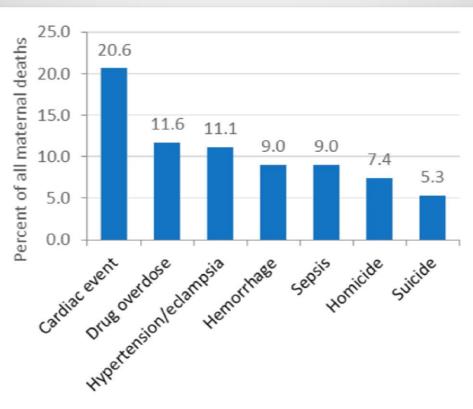
0.0

2003-2005

2004-2006



## Causes of Pregnancy Related Deaths: Texas 2011-2012



Source: CHS Death File, 2011-2012 Prepared by: Office of Program Decision Support, FCHS, DSHS, 2016

# Approximately ONE HALF of all Maternal Deaths are considered preventable

# Harris Health System Ben Taub Hospital

- Harris County: underserved, underinsured
- Deliveries 343/month; 3690 annually (2016)
- 5650 OB-Intake visits (2016)
- Baylor resident program (Obstetrics, Family Practice, Anesthesia)
- Certified Nurse Midwifery
- Level I, II and III Nurseries
- VBAC rate 77.4%



### **Obstetrics Quality Review Process**

### **Adverse Events**

- ERIS entered by RN
- All events reviewed by Nursing Leadership
  - Manager, Clinical Resource Nurse and DON
- All events reviewed by Physicians
  - Chief of Service, Director of Quality
    - Assigned for independent or full review
- Reviewed by Multi-disciplinary OB/GYN Quality Review Committee

#### BTH OB/GYN Quality & Safety Committee Review Process Flow



#### Quality Review Indicated based upon Pre-Established Criteria:

≥37w0d with Neonatal 5 minute Apgar Score < 7

Umbilical cord ph (venous or arterial) < 7.0

Unanticipated neonatal admission to Level III nursery (>35 weeks)

Neonatal birth injury (e.g. laceration, plexus, fracture (excluding clavicular fracture))

Uterine rupture

Transfusion of >4 units pRBCs for Ob patients

Transfusion of pRBCs for intra-op/post-op Gyn patients (within 72 hrs of surgery start time)

Unanticipated Ob/Gyn admission to critical care unit

Unanticipated return to OR (Ob or Gyn)

Ob/Gyn re-admission within 30 days of discharge

Retained Object

Operative injury (i.e., bowel, bladder, ureter)

Surgical site infection (Ob or Gyn)

Intrapartum fetal or maternal death

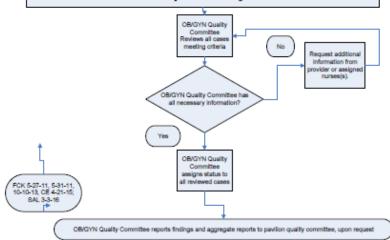
Maternal code blue

Neonatal death (>2500 grams) Gyn patient death

Unanticipated removal of organ

VTE during hospital admission

Postpartum hemorrhage



### Heat Map

A B	С	D	Е	F	G	Н		J	K	L	M	N	0
	Jan-15	Feb-15	Mar-15	Apr-15	May-15	Jun-15	Jul-15	Aug-15	Sep-15	Oct-15	Nov-15	Dec-15	2015 Total
Total eIRS cases	21	17.0741	24.0968	7	7	13.0769	15.0313	7.03226	18	17.0488	5	13	164.36006
Maternal Events													
Death	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Uterine Ruture	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	1	2	9
Unanticipated maternal admission to Critical Care unit	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	2	0	0	8
Unanticipated return	1	0	2	0	1	2	2	1	0	0	1	0	10
3rd & 4th Degree Lacerations	12	4	6	5	4	3	4	1	10	9	3	6	67
Transfusion of ≥ 4u PRBCs for ALL OB Patients	3	9	13	2	2	3	4	3	1	1	0	0	41
VTE - OB					0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Unanticipated removal of organ	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	3	0	0	1	8
Fetal Events													
Elective delivery <39 weeks	0.0%	7.4%	9.7%	0.0%	0.0%	7.7%	3.1%	3.2%	0.0%	4.9%	0.0%	0.0%	3.4%
Brachial plexus injury	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
≥37 weeks with 5 Min	2	2	1	0	0	3	3	0	2	3	0	4	20
Art/Vencord pH <7.15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Deliveries	353	334	348	288	302	315	351	354	385	356	337	336	4059
OB Adverse Event Rate	5.95%	5.11%	6.92%	2.43%	2.32%	4.15%	4.28%	1.99%	4.68%	4.79%	1.48%	3.87%	4.05%
95% confidence level standard deviation	3.16% 0.01613	3.35% 0.0171	3.23% 0.0164905										

# Maternal Early Warning System MEWS: 2014

- OB Adverse Events
  - Multi-disciplinary OB/GYN Quality Review Committee
  - Identified gap related to Maternal OB adverse Events
- Taskforce created

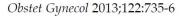


### **Taskforce**

- Nursing and Providers: L&D and MBU
- Reviewed literature: Maternal Morbidity
- Met with MEWS content expert
- Conducted a retrospective review of incidents

### National Partnership for Maternal Safety

"Committed to work together to establish, at every facility that provides maternity care in the US, protocols that address the leading causes of maternal harm or death, including hemorrhage, preeclampsia and thromboembolism prevention."





Elliott Main, MD

















Our mission is to end preventable morbidity, mortality and racial disparities in California maternity care



Continually improve patient safety in women's health care through multidisciplinary collaboration that drives culture change



To improve and promote the health of women and newborns and to strengthen the nursing profession through the delivery of superior advocacy, research, education and other professional and clinical resources to nurses and other health care professionals



Dedicated to the advancement of women's health care and the professional and socioeconomic interests of its members through continuing medical education, practice, research, and advocacy

## California Maternal Mortality Review 2002-2005

Delayed response to triggers					
Preeclampsia	92%				
Postpartum hemorrhage	85%				
Cerebrovascular disease	63%				
Venous thromboembolism	75%				
Amniotic fluid embolism	67% Sei				



#44

### Preventing Maternal Death

Identify specific triggers for responding to changes in the mother's vital signs and clinical condition and develop and use protocols and drills for responding to changes.

January 26, 2010

#### MATERNAL EARLY WARNING SYSTEM

#### BEN TAUB HOSPITAL - WOMEN AND INFANT'S DEPARTMENT

#### **MEWS TRIGGERS**

### The Maternal Early Warning Criteria

Systolic BP	<90 or >160
Diastolic BP	>110
Heart Rate (beats per minute)	<50 or >120
Respiratory Rate (breaths per minute)	<10 or >30
Oxygen saturation, on room air	<95%
Oliguria, mL/ <u>hr</u> for ≥ 2 hours	<35
Vaginal Bleeding/PPH ≤ 2 hours	500 mL (qBL)

Maternal agitation, confusion, or unresponsiveness; patient with preeclampsia reporting a non-remitting headache or shortness of breath

These triggers cannot address every possible clinical scenario that could be faced by an obstetric clinician and must not replace clinical judgment. As a core safety principle, bedside nurses should always feel comfortable to escalate their concerns at any point.

CE/MEWS taskforce 8/2016

### MEWS workflow

<u>Validate</u> VS, inform primary RN, & document in MR <u>Notify</u> resident w/in 5 min. of trigger

- senior resident: 281-262-0904
- if 3C -antepartum resident: 3-9491

Notify Charge RN and Document Escalate if no response w/in 5 min

Attending – 3-9511

Escalate if not at bedside w/in 15 min:

re-notify Attending; NCM/DON or ADON
 Use "Check back" Communication and Document

NCM: Nurse Clinical Manager DON: Director of Nursing

ADON: Administrative Director of Nursing

### **MEWS OB Flowsheet**

	1/10/17	1/13/17	1/14	/17	1/18/17	1/21/17
	1700	0333	0058	2142	2115	1100
MEWS OB						
Time of Trigger	1700	0333	0045	2125	2104	
Vital Signs Validated?	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Type of Trigger	SBP>160	SBP>160	SBP>160	SBP>160	SBP>160	
Time Person/Provider Notified	1705	0333	0050	0030	2104	
Name of Person/Provider Notified						
Time Person/Provider at Bedside	1705	0342	0053	0042	2115	
Name of Person/Provider at Bedside						
Response	Orders	Orders =	Orders	Orders	Orders	
Orders Received		Antihyp	Other≡	Other≡	Antihyp	

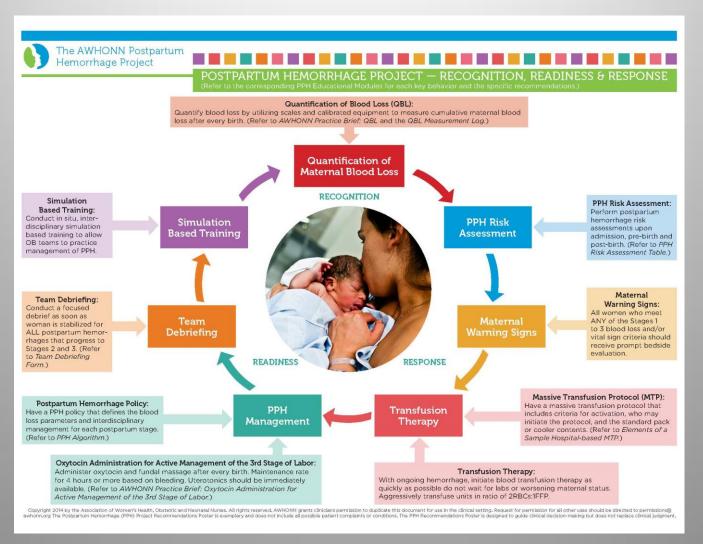
### **MEWS Outcomes**

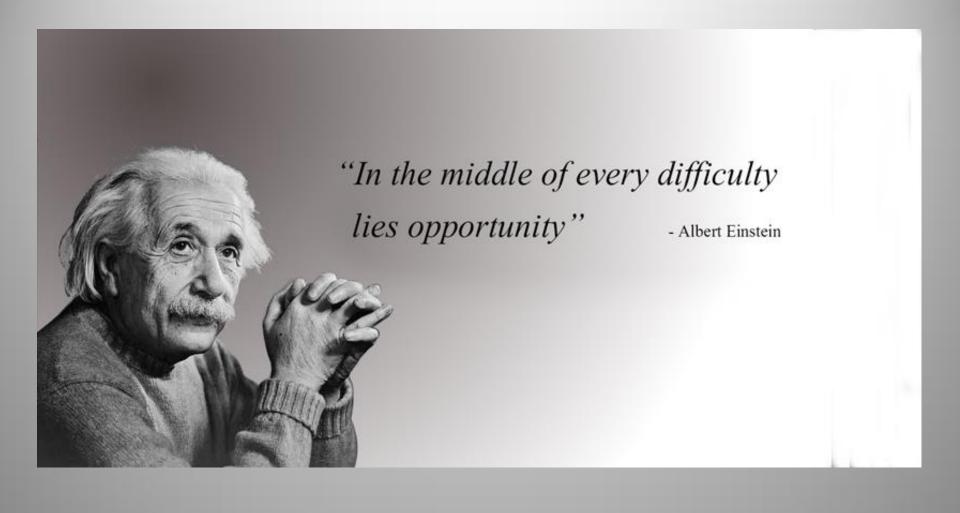
OB Adverse Event Rate					
PRE-MEWS	4.45%				
POST-MEWS	2.35%				
	P = 0.017				



- Associated Clinical Significance
  - Anecdotal perceptions : change in culture nursing and providers

### Hemorrhage Project: 2016 Readiness, Recognition, Response





### Questions



References: Available upon request

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