### Title:

Empathy, Attitude Toward Dementia, and Pain Attitudes in Dementia Patients of Nursing Students in Korea

Mihyun Lee, MSN<sup>1</sup> Myonghwa Park, PhD<sup>1</sup> Hyun Jeong, MSN<sup>2</sup> Younghye Go, MSN<sup>3</sup> **Miri Jeong, MSN**<sup>3</sup>

(1)college of nursing, Chungnam National University, College of Nursing, Chungnam National University, Daejeon, Korea, Republic of (South)

(2) Chungnam National University, Deajeon, Korea, Republic of (South)

(3)College of Nursing, Chungnam National University, Daejeon, Korea, Democratic People's Republic of (North)

### Session Title:

Research Poster Session 3

Slot (superslotted):

RSC PST 3: Sunday, 30 July 2017: 9:45 AM-10:15 AM

Slot (superslotted):

RSC PST 3: Sunday, 30 July 2017: 12:00 PM-1:15 PM

Slot (superslotted):

RSC PST 3: Sunday, 30 July 2017: 2:00 PM-2:30 PM

### **Keywords:**

Attitudes, Empathy and Pain

# References:

Bang, H. C., Park, K. C., Kim, M. H., Lee, Y. B., & Roh, H. J. (2013). Characteristics of pain threshold and pain experience in elderly patients with dementia. *Korean Journal of Psychosomatic Medicine*, 21(2), 140-146.

Burns, M., & McIlfatrick, S. (2015). Nurses' knowledge and attitudes towards pain assessment for people with dementia in a nursing home setting. *International Journal of Palliative Nursing*, *21*(10), 479-485.

Eccleston, C. E., Lea, E. J., McInerney, F., Crisp, E., Marlow, A., & Robinson, A. L. (2015). An investigation of nursing students' knowledge of dementia: a questionnaire study. *Nurse Education Today*, 35(6), 800-805.

Kim, J. H., & Jeong, H. S. (2013). Influencing factor on the attitudes toward elders among nurses working at geriatric hospitals: focusing on empathy. *The Journal of the Korea Contents Association*, *13*(12), 840-850.

Ryu, Y. S. & Seo, J. M. (2016). Nurses' perceptions of pain management and its performance for patients with dementia. *Global Health & Nursing*, *6*(1), 40-50

# **Abstract Summary:**

This cross-sectional quantitative study aimed to assess the attitudes toward dementia and pain attitudes in dementia patients of nursing students in Korea and examine associations between empathy, the attitudes toward dementia and pain attitudes of nursing students.

# **Learning Activity:**

LEARNING OBJECTIVES	EXPANDED CONTENT OUTLINE
"The learner will be able to know relations between empathy and attitude toward dementia."	the Interpersonal Reactivity Index (IRI) and Dementia Attitudes Scale (DAS)
"The learner will be able to know relations between empathy and pain attitudes in dementia patients."	the Interpersonal Reactivity Index (IRI) and pain attitudes in dementia patients scale

#### **Abstract Text:**

# Purpose:

In Korea, 10% of older adults have dementia, and this percentage is expected to increase very rapidly. Dementia patients are suffering from pain associated with various diseases. Especially, patients with cognitive impairment are difficult to express about pain. Empathy ability correlates with caring for patients with pain, as well as higher sensitivity to pain response. Research on nursing students' attitude toward dementia and pain attitudes in dementia patients is very limited. No studies have examined the associations between empathy and attitude toward dementia and pain attitudes of nursing students.

This cross-sectional quantitative study aimed to assess the attitudes toward dementia and pain attitudes in dementia patients of nursing students in Korea and examine associations between empathy, the attitudes toward dementia and pain attitudes of nursing students.

### Methods:

A total of 362 nursing students (179 Year 1 and 2 students – no clinical experience and 183 Year 3 and 4 students – clinical experience) completed a questionnaire that included demographic information, the Interpersonal Reactivity Index (IRI), Dementia Attitudes Scale (DAS), and pain attitudes in dementia patients scale. Data analyses included descriptive statistics, correlational analyses, and t-tests.

# Results:

There were statistically significant differences in attitude toward dementia (t=-2.854 p=.005) between the Year 1 and 2 students (M=87.02, SD=12.10) and the Year 3 and 4 students (M=90.54, SD=11.34). Pain attitudes in dementia patients were significantly lower (t= -4.50 p<.001) in the Year 1 and 2 students (M=27.46, SD=2.48) than in that of the Year 3 and 4 students (M=28.70, SD=2.73). There were no difference in empathy between the two groups. For the Year 1 and 2 students, empathy was positively correlated with attitude toward dementia, but the correlation between empathy and pain attitudes was not statistically significant. For Year 3 and 4 students, empathy, attitude toward dementia and pain attitudes were positively correlated, and the correlations were significant.

### Conclusion:

The findings from this study suggest that empathy, attitude toward dementia and pain attitudes in dementia patients are the important care provider attributes that can to be enhanced by nursing students' clinical practicum experience.