

Video Telerounding to Improve Cardiac Patient Satisfaction and to Expedite Discharge

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BACKGROUND

- Patients nearing hospital discharge, want to be informed and plan when they can go home
- Delays in hospital discharge are frequent and frustrate patients, families, and clinicians
- The value of Telehealth has unlimited possibilities within the healthcare industry to impact care
- Inconsistencies and barriers for a timely cardiologist discharge visit occur often due to multiple, competing priorities- resulting in discharge delays, dissatisfaction of patients, families and clinicians, and add to inefficiencies, creating increased costs
- Time to discharge in the hospital setting may be expedited using **Telerounding**real-time videoconferencing for remote, collaborative bedside nurse/ physician/ patient rounds

METHODOLOGY

This quasi-experimental study will enroll 36 eligible adult hospitalized cardiac procedural patients to the intervention group with an expected 1-2 day LOS

Intervention group:

- Will receive **Telerounding** remote, virtual discharge rounds are between 0730 0800 (approximately 5 minutes each)
- Discharge Satisfaction Survey- which includes a Telerounding Survey, to be given prior to discharge
- EHR discharge time measures will be collected
- Phone survey 2 weeks post-discharge regarding any unplanned medical consultations once home

Control group: all eligible patients- from the same two cardiologists for 3 months prior to study, are invited to participate; retrospective Discharge Satisfaction Surveys and EHR discharge time measures will be completed

LITERATURE REVIEW

- Application of telehealth technologies have the ability to effectively automate processes, facilitate care coordination, decrease costs, and connect healthcare providers in a seamless manner
- This research is influenced by a study from Ellison and colleagues (2004), which used Telerounding for post-procedure laparoscopic urology patient rounds. Results showed telerounding beneficially affected patient ratings for examination thoroughness, quality of medical care discussions, post-op care coordination, and perception of physician availability, after adjustments for differences in age and pain
- A gap in the literature exists for use of this innovative technology for Telerounding to expedite discharge

STUDY AIM

This study will test an innovative, robotic, telehealth videoconferencing discharge process- called **Telerounding** to:

- measure patient satisfaction with discharge and telerounding
- evaluate discharge efficiency for postprocedure cardiac telemetry patients

Doctor gives a command through the iPad's interface. The command is sent to a cloud network where it's then sent to the robot and processed. The hardware and software needed will be adjusted and ready to work. The hardware and software needed will be adjusted and ready to work.

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InTouch Health Vita. Photo from InTouch Health with permission, 2016.

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STUDY IMPLICATIONS

- This study will explore discharge satisfaction with use of telerounding, its impact on discharge efficiency, and the acceptance of telerounding by patients and clinicians
- Cost savings may occur from expedited discharge times and improved bed turnaround time to facilitate pending transfers from the ED and ICUs

RESULTS

Results pending

REFERENCES

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