Texas Woman's University

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The Relationship between Marginalization and Mental Health Symptoms in Abused Women:

5th year data in a 7-year Study

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Research Team for Study:

Outcome effectiveness of shelters and civil protection orders in helping abused women and children transition to safety: Evidence for Practice & Policy

Bold = team members on this presentation

Judith McFarlane (PI) Faculty		Lene Symes	Faculty
Brenda Binder	Faculty	Angeles Nava	Field Nurse
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Overview

- Background/Significance
- Purpose
- Methods
- Results
- Discussion and Conclusions
- Implications for Practice

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Background & Significance

Globally intimate partner violence (IPV)
affects 1 in 3 women. WHO, 2013

 Marginality brings about social isolation which has negative consequences for mental health

Koci, 2012; Symes, McFarlane, Nava, Gilroy, Maddoux, 2013.

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Background & Significance

- Anxiety, depression and PTSD are adverse mental health symptoms that increase the risk for suicide.
- In a Swedish national cohort study (2001-2008) mental health disorders were strong risk factors for suicide with depression the strongest risk factor (greater than 15-fold risk among women)

 Crump, Sundquist, Sundquist, & Winkleby, 2014.

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Accounts for 4.3% of the global burden of disease.

Among the largest single cause of disability worldwide, particularly for women.

50% higher for females than males.

WHO: https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/content/documents/14367SDG3format-rev_MD_OD.pdf



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The World Health Organization's Sustainable Development Goal 3

By 2030:

- To ensure healthy lives and promote well-being for all at all ages
- To reduce premature mortality from suicide.

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Purpose

 To examine the link between marginalization and mental health symptoms among women with known histories of intimate partner violence.

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Methods

Design: 5 year data of a 7-year prospective study to examine the clinical outcomes of women seeking support through either a safe shelter or the DA's office for the first time following a violent relationship (n=279). Interviewed q 4 months for 5 years.

Instruments: Koci Marginality Index (KMI), Brief Symptom Inventory, & a PTSD screening measure.

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Methods

Participants: 279 abused women, 93% retention at yr 5, median age: 30 y/o, range 18-52 y/o 79% Hispanic, 37% immigrant status.

Data analysis: Multiple linear regressions conducted to predict mental health outcomes (depression, somatization, anxiety, PTSD) from current levels of marginalization, controlling for entry levels of marginalization

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Results

In this sample of abused women:

 Marginalization significantly associated with higher levels of Global Distress, Depression, Anxiety, Somatization, & PTSD symptoms.

 Results consistently demonstrated that higher levels of marginalization were associated with higher levels of mental health symptoms.

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Results

Summary of Regression Analyses Predicting Mental Health Symptoms from Marginalization

	beta*
Global Distress	.319
Depression	.349
Anxiety	.294
Somatization	.197
Posttraumatic Stress Symptoms	.366

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Discussion/Conclusions

- Findings revealed a positive relationship between marginality and adverse mental health outcomes
- The more marginalized woman suffers more deeply with mental health symptoms of depression, anxiety, somatization, and PTSD symptoms.
 - Findings concur with previous research (Koci, 2004) that marginality of women contributes to social isolation and deterioration of mental health.

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Discussion/Conclusions

The World Health Organization's Sustainable
 Development Goal 3 is to ensure healthy lives and
 promote well-being for all at all ages and to reduce
 premature mortality from suicide.

 Understanding marginality and its impact on mental health may aid in reducing mortality from suicide.

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Implications for Practice

- Serves as an alert to healthcare providers to the possibility of long-term abuserelated sequelae in their practice.
- Contributes to the knowledge of marginality as a social determinant of health.

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Implications for Practice

- Policymakers need to be cognizant of the role of marginality in females and its potential adverse impact on their mental health.
- Understanding the impact of marginality may aid in development of healthcare agendas at all levels of government.

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- Chief and staff of Harris County District
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- 300 women who take emotional and physical risks to record their survival journey, pain and recovery and their children who journey with them.

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Website for resources

Websites with information re: IPV

National Resource Center on Domestic Violence http://www.nrcdv.org/

World Health Organization Violence Against Women http://www.who.int/mediacentre/factsheets/fs239/en/

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Thank You for your kind attention!

Questions?





