Title:

A Motivational Profile of Nurses Who Pursue Doctoral Education

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Session Title:

Rising Stars of Research and Scholarship Invited Student Poster Session 1

Keywords:

Doctoral, Motivation and Scholarship

References:

HRSA. (2014). The future of the nursing workforce: National and state-level projections 2012-2025. Retrieved from

http://bhpr.hrsa.gov/healthworkforce/supplydemand/nursing/workforceprojections/nursingprojections.pdf Kovner, C., Brewer, C., Katigbak, C., Djukic, M., & Fatehi, F. (2012). Charting the course nurses' achievement of higher education levels. Journal of Professional Nursing, 28(6), 333-343. Retrieved from http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.profnurs.2012.04.021

Abstract Summary:

The purpose of this study is to describe the motivational orientation and factors of nurses pursuing doctoral education. The need for nurses to pursue additional education is imperative to the professionalization of the discipline of nursing and the healthcare environment. Furthermore, characteristics of nurses who seek advanced education are poorly understood. This information is critical to planning long-term strategies for US nursing education (Kovner, Brewer, Katigbak, Djukic, & Fatehi, 2012). Secondary to the need to understand characteristics of nurses pursuing advanced education this research study, will describe the motivational orientation and factors of nurses pursuing doctoral education. The descriptive correlational design will be utilized to examine concepts relating to motivation in registered nurses pursuing doctoral education. A sample of registered nurses enrolled in either a PhD or DNP educational program in the southeastern region of the United States from various universities will be invited to participate in the study. Participants will be divided into two groups: (1) registered nurses seeking the PhD; and (2) registered nurses pursuing the DNP. A power analysis was performed to identify the needed sample size. A total of 250 completed questionnaires are needed for the sample so the targeted sample size is 1,000 to ensure that a sufficient number of surveys will be available for analysis. Data collection: Potential participants for the research study were sent an email invitation for participation in the study by a contact person within each of the randomly selected institutions. Data was collected using the Academic Motivation Scale (AMS) and a demographic data sheet. Data collection occurred during a 30 day time frame using Qualtrics to arrange collected information. After data collection was completed, Qualtrics data was then exported directly into Statistical Package for the Social Sciences (SPSS) for Windows version 22 for analysis.

Learning Activity:

LEARNING OBJECTIVES	EXPANDED CONTENT OUTLINE
Upon completion of the presentation the learner will be able to describe the need for registered nurses to pursue doctoral study.	1. Registered nurses pursuing doctoral study. A. Compare/contrast the DNP and PhD B. Discuss factors which lead to the need for nurses prepared at the doctoral level.
Upon completion of the presentation the learner will be able to identify the motivational	2. Motivational orientation A. Compare/contrast extrinsic, intrinsic, and amotivation B. Discuss the motivational

orientation of registered nurse	s pursuing the	orientation and factors of DNP and PhD
DNP and PhD.		students

Abstract Text:

The purpose of this study is to describe the motivational orientation and factors of nurses pursuing doctoral education. Advanced education for nurses, is at the forefront of the healthcare environment. The need for nurses to pursue additional education is imperative to the professionalization of the discipline of nursing and the healthcare environment. Furthermore, characteristics of nurses who seek advanced education are poorly understood. This information is critical to planning long-term strategies for US nursing education (Kovner, Brewer, Katigbak, Djukic, & Fatehi, 2012). Secondary to the need to understand characteristics of nurses pursuing advanced education this research study, will describe the motivational orientation and factors of nurses pursuing doctoral education. The descriptive correlational design will be utilized to examine concepts relating to motivation in registered nurses pursuing doctoral education. A sample of registered nurses enrolled in either a PhD or DNP educational program in the southeastern region of the United States from various universities will be invited to participate in the study. Participants will be divided into two groups: (1) registered nurses seeking the PhD; and (2) registered nurses pursuing the DNP. A power analysis was performed to identify the needed sample size. A total of 250 completed questionnaires are needed for the sample so the targeted sample size is 1,000 to ensure that a sufficient number of surveys will be available for analysis. Data collection: Potential participants for the research study were sent an email invitation for participation in the study by a contact person within each of the randomly selected institutions. Data was collected using the Academic Motivation Scale (AMS) and a demographic data sheet. Data collection occurred during a 30 day time frame using Qualtrics to arrange collected information. After data collection was completed. Qualtrics data was then exported directly into Statistical Package for the Social Sciences (SPSS) for Windows version 22 for analysis.