

Exploring Facilitators and Barriers to Healthy Eating Among Community Gardeners

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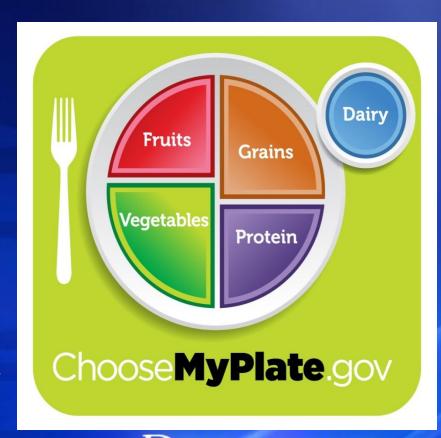


Introduction

Eating Healthy?

- Fruits
- Vegetables
- Grains
- Protein Foods
- Dairy

http://www.choosemyplate.gov/food-groups/



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Introduction

- Importance of eating healthy in today's world????
- Looking into our past:
 - Percentage of food dollar spent on food prepared outside the home in the U.S.
 - 1970: Estimated at 26%
 - 1995: Up to 39%
 - 2010: Projected at 53%
- Society today is fast-paced and has a mentality which includes an increased intake of fast foods.
 - Has led to an increase in unhealthy eating/lifestyles.

(Swinburn, Caterson, Seidell & James, 2004)





Background

- Current Global Trend
 - Diets consists of more high fat, high-energy dense foods, with an increase in sedentary lifestyles.
 - Obesity rates along with type 2 diabetes worldwide are on the rise.
 - Global population with type 2 diabetes.
 - 2000: 171 million
 - Today: 347 million (>50% increase)(WHO-2013)







Background

- Nutritional Facts
 - Estimated 31% of CVD and 11% of CVA cases are explainable by inadequate F/V intake.
 - (WHO, 2011)
 - By 2020, CVD will likely be the most common cause of Disability Adjusted Life-Year loss.
 - 1991: Ranked as 5th
 - F/V intake results in decreased incidences of CVD,
 HTN, CVA and healthier weights.





Conceptual Framework

- Albert Bandura's Self Efficacy Theory
 - Self Efficacy: Relates to one's belief in their capabilities to obtain a goal.
 - Past failures or successes impact a persons perceived self-efficacy, and belief in their own capabilities.
- "A resilient sense of efficacy enables individuals to do extraordinary things by productive use of their skills in the face of overwhelming obstacles."

(Bandura, 1997, p. 37)



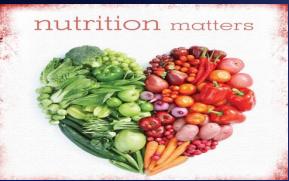




Conceptual Framework

- Self Efficacy Theory
 - Persons with low self-efficacy:
 - Have little belief in their capabilities and power to produce results.
 - Will not attempt to make things happen.
 - Is the dieting trend effecting persons self-efficacy in a negative way?
- How do we improve society's self-efficacy when it comes to healthy eating?
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Research Methods

- IRB approval attained
- Research Design
 - Exploratory descriptive design with qualitative analysis using interview data from a focus group meeting.
- Sample size and Characteristics
 - Convenience sample, n=12 participants: 6 Male, 6
 Female
 - Involved in a community garden







Research Methods

- Data Collection
 - Focus group with structured questions and encouragement of ideas, thoughts, and perceptions regarding topic of discussion.
 - Combination of interview, group interaction, and participant observation utilized in data collection.
 - Audio recording of participant answers.
 - Research questions ended with final question asking the participants for any thing else to add to the discussion.
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Research Methods

- Data Analysis
 - Analysis occurred throughout study.
 - Audio recording transcribed verbatim.
 - Thematic analysis occurred with data to identify and categorize patterns and themes.
 - At conclusion of focus groups, available participants allowed to review transcribed audio recording for accuracy and assurance that focus group experiences were captured.
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Research Findings

- Barriers
 - Availability of unhealthy foods
 - Busy schedules
 - Fried foods taste better and more filling.
 - Access to fresh foods

- Facilitators
 - Family support
 - Love cooking
 - Cell phone apps
 - Food diaries
 - Use of social media, text, email as reminders

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Research Findings Barriers



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Research Findings Facilitators









Conclusion

 Improving individuals self efficacy is an important aspect to success with healthier eating among our population.

- Back to the question presented earlier...
 - How do we improve society's self-efficacy when it comes to healthy eating?







Conclusion

- Improving our Society's Eating Habits?
 - Internet: Sites such as Pinterest
 - Many recipes on healthy meals
 - Social Media: Facebook, Twitter, blogs
 - Cell Phone: Use of texting for healthy eating reminders and prompts.
 - E-mail
 - Cell Phone Apps







Conclusion

- Barriers to healthy eating will continue to exist.
 - Identifying biggest barriers and facilitators to specific populations is important key to improve healthy eating among the global population.
- Health promotion among the population by way of healthier eating is a challenge. However, small steps will lead to an eventual transformation in the health of our communities.





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