

Arterial Line Nursing Care and Arterial Blood Gas Drawing Abstract

Kathleen Morton

NS 332 Transition: Professional Nursing Practice

Fairfield University

March 6, 2020

**Arterial Line Nursing Care and Arterial Blood Gas Drawing Abstract**

Critically ill patients require arterial lines to monitor blood pressure trends, titrate drug therapies, and obtain blood samples for arterial blood gases and laboratory studies. Overall, the nurses in the critical care step-down unit do not frequently care for patients with these invasive devices. As a result of this decreased prevalence, there was an observed and verbalized interest to strengthen arterial line care and skills. Evidence-based literature reveals that blood gas samples obtained from an arterial line provide the most exact measurement of the partial pressure of oxygen and carbon dioxide in the body, as well as gives deeper insight into effective ventilation. The literature also determines that the majority of arterial catheter blood pressure monitoring systems were either overdamped or underdamped, resulting in inaccurate systolic and diastolic pressure readings. Given these findings, it is essential for nurses to maintain protocol-driven arterial line care and accurate arterial blood gas practices. The unit presentation included a simulation session in which nurses were able to practice the arterial blood gas drawing skills through an assigned competency and video recording. Likewise, an educational handout was developed and shared so that the nurses can refer to the specific policy statements, direct patient care takeaways, and steps to retrieve online resources via the hospital's website. In order to fully ensure that patients receive optimal treatment, it is crucial that nurses are aware of the factors and care that affect the safety and accuracy of arterial monitoring.

## References

*AACN procedure for high-acuity, progressive, and critical care.* (2017). St. Louis Missouri: Elsevier.

Abdel-Kader, A. , Kaushal, N. , Shah, R. , Gomulka, M. , Wang, T. and Shulman, S. (2016, December). A Novel Technique to Maintain Radial Arterial Catheter Position: The Arterial Catheter Stabilizer. *Open Journal of Anesthesiology*, 6, 193-197. doi: 10.4236/ojanes.2016.612029

Chung, P. A., Scavone, A., Ahmed, A., Kuchta, K., & Bellam, S. K. (2019). Agreement and Correlation of Arterial and Venous Blood Gas Analysis in a Diverse Population. *Clinical Medicine Insights: Trauma and Intensive Medicine*.  
<https://doi.org/10.1177/1179560319845869>

JoVE Science Education Database. (2020). *Emergency Medicine and Critical Care*. Arterial Line Placement. JoVE, Cambridge, MA.  
<https://www.jove.com/science-education/10178/arterial-line-placement>

Mohammed, H., & Abdelatif, D. (2016). Easy blood gas analysis: Implications for nursing. *Egyptian Journal of Chest Diseases and Tuberculosis*, 65(1), 369–376.  
<https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ejcdt.2015.11.009>

Rook W.H., Turner J.D., & Clutton-Brock, T.H. (2017). Analysis of damping characteristics of arterial catheter blood pressure monitoring in a large intensive care unit. *Southern African Journal of Critical Care*, 33(1), 8–11. <https://doi.org/10.7196/300>

Sanders, S., & Watson, M. (2015, August 27). *Hemodynamic Monitoring Policy*. Stamford Hospital.

- Seidlerová, J., Tůmová, P., Rokyta, R. et al. (2019). Factors influencing the accuracy of non-invasive blood pressure measurements in patients admitted for cardiogenic shock. *BMC Cardiovasc Disord* 19, 150. <https://doi.org/10.1186/s12872-019-1129-9>
- Theodore, C., Clermont, G., MDCM, Dalton, A. (2019, July 24). Indications, interpretation, and techniques for arterial catheterization for invasive monitoring. *UpToDate*.  
<https://www.uptodate.com/contents/indications-interpretation-and-techniques-for-arterial-catheterization-for-invasive-monitoring>
- Timsit, J., Rupp, M., Bouza, E. et al. (2018). A state of the art review on optimal practices to prevent, recognize, and manage complications associated with intravascular devices in the critically ill. *Intensive Care Med* 44, 742–759.  
<https://doi.org/10.1007/s00134-018-5212-y>
- Vakily, A., Parsaei, H., Movahhedi, M., & Sahmeddini, M. (2017). A System for Continuous Estimating and Monitoring Cardiac Output via Arterial Waveform Analysis. *Journal of Biomedical Physics & Engineering*, 7(2), 181–190.  
<https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC5447255/>
- Wang, A., Hendin, A., Millington, S., Koenig, S., Eisen, L., Shiloh, A., & Wang, A. (2019). Better With Ultrasound: Arterial Line Placement. *Chest*.  
<https://doi.org/10.1016/j.chest.2019.08.2209>
- Weiner, R. Ryan, E., & Yohannes-Tomicich, J. (2016). “Chapter 89: Arterial Line Monitoring and Placement” in: Critical Care, Lange.  
<https://accessanesthesiology.mhmedical.com/content.aspx?bookid=1944&sectionid=143522170>