



# Interprofessional Collaboration: Developing Students Safeguarding Skills.

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## What does the evidence say?

- Safeguarding has significant complexity challenging & difficult to interpret (see: Akister, 2011; Munro, 2011; and others).
- Lack of preparation at an undergraduate level through potential lack of exposure (see: Rowse, 2009; Pabiś et al., 2010; Morgan & Spargo, 2017; and others).
- Experiences can have lasting impact, but also help develop competence (see: Rowse, 2009; Buckley et al., 2011; Tarr et al., 2013; and others).



## What does the evidence say?

- Interprofessional & multidisciplinary education is needed at an undergraduate level (see: Rowse, 2009; Munro, 2011; Morgan & Spargo, 2017; and others).
- Education needs to utilise authentic learning experiences
  (see: Logan, Quiñones & Sunderland, 2015; Houston & Thompson, 2017; Wood &
  Perlman, 2017; and others).



#### How did we decide?

- Examined findings of earlier research recommendation to have skills development programme in undergraduate education.
- Explored what was undertaken in post-graduate courses to help develop knowledge & practitioner skills.
- Identified simulation of events re: child protection activities could be useful – ultimately utilised in learning event.
- Utilised procedural guidance & professional experience.



#### **Considerations:**

- Ethical approvals sought and obtained from relevant University ethics committee.
- Proposal and plan for ongoing research co-produced with Associate Professor in Social Work.
- Planning and development of learning event co-produced with service users and expert practitioners (July 2018 – January 2019).



#### **Cohort:**

- Final year BSc Children's Nursing Students (n=20).
- Final year BSc Social Work Students (n=20).

#### Rationale:

- Balance to groups.
- Experience (potential) in practice placements & involvement in safeguarding activities.
- Differing perspectives based on fields of study.
- Mixed groups of students.



#### Method?

- Family vignette developed demonstrating complexity and realism, introduced to student groups earlier in academic year.
- Scenario developed: escalation of concerns with introduced family:
  - Child disclosure of concerns,
  - Parental mental health concerns,
  - Substance misuse,
  - Domestic abuse.



- Learning event based on All Wales Child Protection Procedures (2008):
  - Simulated Strategy Discussion,
  - Simulated Initial Child Protection Case Conference.

Rationale: Likely procedures both groups of students would encounter in practice setting.



- Professionals as actors and interaction between students participating in activities and roles.
- Initial learning event implemented Feb 2019.
- Learning event evaluations using "Stop, Start, Continue" (Hoon, Oliver, Szpakowska & Newton, 2015).



## **Student Feedback Examples:**

- "I really enjoyed the mock strategy meetings! Having speakers from different professional backgrounds helped me to understand what goes on in reality" (Nursing Student).
- "I thought the mock meetings were very good, allowed you to learn what would happen in a situation. The inclusion of social workers was really useful" (Nursing Student).
- "The group work was really good, getting nursing and social work students to work together to share knowledge & skills" (Social Work Student).



"Learning about the processes involved and working with health students allowed me to consider additional viewpoints & risks" (Social Work Student).

"I enjoyed the group discussions and engagement with other professionals. The live conference was interesting, helpful and useful for all students from health and social care – really good to link theory to practice" (Social Work Student).



## **Challenges (Post-event evaluation & debrief):**

- 1. Logistics of running event.
- 2. Student expectations in relation to content of day.
- 3. Engagement in some of the presenting activities.
- 4. Some students felt their skills were 'side-lined' at points given focus of some elements of the learning event.
- 5. Mismatch of knowledge / experience between student groups.
- 6. Professional led rather than student experience led.



## **Next Steps?**



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Response: 68% (n=27).
? Delayed release effect.



Four student focus groups.

- Questions based on survey responses.
- No student attended.



## **Going forward:**

- Further evaluation / rethink on project.
- Additional focus groups with other student cohorts to review what they would like to see included in future learning events.
- Expanding activities to include other nursing fields (pre & postregistration students).
- International collaboration with partner institutes to allow for wider analysis.



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