

# Factors affecting success in nursing school: **Experiences of African American BSN Students**

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# Purpose

 Successful strategies to recruit, retain, and graduate African American (AA) nursing students are needed.



 To identify African American students' perspectives of factors that facilitate successful completion of nursing school.

## Background

- population
- licensure programs has remained relatively constant for the past 15 years.
- AA, are significantly higher than the majority population
- AAs accounted for <10% of recent</li> RN graduates

#### Methods

## Setting

**Findings** 

activities

- A private, Christian university with a nationally accredited nursing program
- Descriptive qualitative study
- 15 AA students (sophomores, juniors, seniors)
- 43% of respondents have previous college degree



#### **Procedures**

- Face-to-face focus group session
- Three subsequent e-questionnaires
- 2-week data collection period

 Perception of having to "prove themselves" and having to demonstrate that they worked significantly "harder than their White classmates"

#### Focus on school

- Having no meaningful connections with faculty and no commonality with classmates
- Not being comfortable with going to faculty for help

## Being misunderstood

- One informant stated, "I've been told by classmates I pronounce medication [ghetto] before".
- Another shared that "I also ask a lot of questions as a student for better understanding, but it is viewed as challenging the professor and as being unprofessional".

# Implications for Nursing Education

- Nursing faculty attention to the perceptions and expectations of AA students may improve retention and completion rates.
- Identification of strategies for graduation success may lead to a more inclusive learning environment.
- Diverse nursing workforce enhances communication.
- Diverse nursing workforce increases likelihood of high quality, culturally sensitive health care.

# Acknowledgements

Funding for this study was the result of a faculty diversity development grant from the Office of Diversity and Intercultural Initiatives at Samford University.



- Increasingly diverse United States
- Lack of diversity in nursing workforce
- Ethnic minority enrollment in pre-
- Minority attrition rates, particularly

#### Data analysis revealed five themes: Working twice as hard

Being invisible Perceptions of being overlooked by instructors and classmates during class

# Sense of belonging vs. isolation

 Significant feelings of isolation at different times during the program, particularly in the clinical setting when there was only one AA in the clinical group.

