TOWARDS AN UNDERSTANDING OF PREGNANCY WEIGHT GAIN IN AFRICAN-AMERICAN WOMEN

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Problem

Excessive gestational weight gain

African-American women in particular



Theoretical Base

 A common construct across multiple behavior change theories, including social cognitive theory, is that <u>behavior change</u> is impacted by <u>personal factors</u> including <u>risk</u> <u>appraisal</u> and <u>motivation to change</u>



Purpose

 Formative work to determine the perspective of pregnant African-American women on weight gain in pregnancy



Background

Excessive gestational weight gain contributes to long-term obesity

Women at increased risk



Background

Attitudes

Beliefs

Dissatisfaction



Methods

Focus groups



- Participants
 - 26 African-American women



Methods

Procedures

recruitment

Focus group strategies

moderator

group guide

audiotape

fieldnotes



Methods

Interview guide development

Content Analysis identify themes





Sample Characteristics

Characteristics	N (%)	Characteristics	N (%)
Age ranges • 18-20 • 21-29 • 30-39	9 (35%) 13 (50%) 4 (15%)	Completed education Grade 8 Grade 9-11 Grade 12 Grade 12+ GED College	1 (4%) 8 (31%) 12 (46%) 1 (4%) 2 (7.5%) 2 (7.5%)
Race • Black • Multiracial (including Black)	24 (92%) 2 (8%)	 Health insurance Medicaid Medicaid options Commercial insurance 	15 (58%) 10 (38%) 1 (4%)
Ethnic groupHispanicNon-HispanicUnknown	1 (4%) 23 (88%) 1 (8%)	BMI (self-report)UnderweightNormal weightOverweightObeseUnknown	1 (3%) 5 (19%) 7 (27%) 4 (15%) 9 (35%)
Gestation of pregnancy • 10-20 weeks • 21-30 weeks • 31-40 weeks	16 (61%) 8 (31%) 2 (8%)	Weight range (pounds)	116-230



4 themes



Weight gain: No matter how much means a healthy baby

- "...I'm going to eat normal and I'm going to stay healthy and make sure my baby is healthy..."
- "...I'm like whatever, I'm not trying to watch now much weight I gain or lose while I am pregnant—I just pray that my baby is healthy"



Reluctant acceptance: It happens

- "...outside of being pregnant, I don't think we view being, um, a little thicker as being a bad thing. You know voluptuous is, in our culture, its more attractive in some ways. Not saying that 'tis good or bad, but you, know, the difference."
- "but you don't have any control you know, really, you know over how much you gain. I mean, you can watch what you eat but you have a whole baby inside of you, you have your placenta, and your fluids, you know."



There is a limit: Weight gain impact on appearance

- "I don't want all that extra flab and stuff...I can't be like this! You know I don't want to be the one that's got to keep wearing sports bras and busting out of the sides and stuff like I got to double up."
- "I mean I, my thing that messes with me is that I'm too short to be fat and everybody have their own opinion but 5 ft, 5 ft 1 inch, I don't want to have so much weight until I need someone wheeling me around or I can't you know do my usual things."



Watching and waiting: Plans for controlling weight

- "I fear that –I'm not going to wait like I had done before, so that's why I'm really trying to watch what I eat, so...that's my fear so after the baby is born—I don't want this baby weight on me, you know. I want to exercise so that's my fear about weight gain during pregnancy."
- "...if you nurse your baby it helps to lose weight faster so I was thinking about breastfeeding like losing the weight at the same time."



Conclusions/Implications

Weight gain during pregnancy is...

Body size...there is a limit

Assumptions

Limit or control ??



Conclusions/Implications

Women are invested

Opportunity

Potential barrier

Limitations

Health risks

