

Interpersonal Communication Competence & Attachment Styles in Pre-Licensure Nurses A Descriptive Pilot Study

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INTRODUCTION

Nursing turnover, defined as nurses leaving or transferring positions for voluntary or involuntary reasons is estimated between 17-27% for newly licensed registered nurses. 1,2, Evidence suggests the first year of practice is highly stressful for new nurses with communication inadequacies and lack of support being contributing factors. Interpersonal communication is essential for the practice of safe, quality patient care. Research supports a correlation between interpersonal communication competence, adult attachment styles, and perceived social support. 5

PURPOSE

The purpose of this descriptive pilot study was to describe the interpersonal communication competence levels and adult attachment styles in pre-licensure nurses.

RESEARCH QUESTIONS

- 1. What are the levels of interpersonal communication competence in pre-licensure nurses?
- 2. What are the attachment styles of prelicensure nurses?

IUPUI

METHODS

Sample

- Convenience sample (n=91)
- Final semester baccalaureate nursing students

Setting:

University in midwestern United States

Data Collection

REDCap Survey link emailed to participants including:

- Demographic Survey
- Interpersonal Communication Competence (ICC) Scale⁶
- 30 item self report scale (Cronbach Alpha .86)
- Experiences in Close Relationships Short Form Scale (ECR-S)⁷
 - 12 item Likert Scale measuring Anxiety & Avoidance Attachment Styles

Data Analysis

- Descriptive statistics for demographic data & Interpersonal Communication Competence
- Recoding for ECR-S for Anxiety & Avoidance
- Summation of scores for Secure vs. Insecure attachment styles

RESULTS

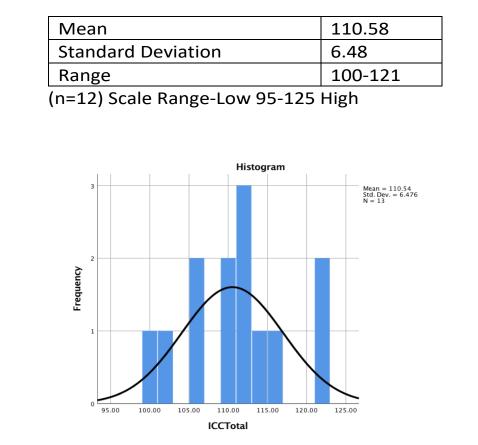
Survey response rate 14% (n=13)

Survey response rate 14 /6 (n=13)

Demographic Data

Demographic Data	% (n)
Age Range	
18-22	31% (n=4)
23-30	69% (n=9)
Race	
White	92% (n=12)
Black	8% (n=1)
Gender	
Male	15% (n=2)
Female	85% (n=11)
Educational Track	
Traditional	77% (n=10)
Accelerated	23% (n=3)
Prior Healthcare	39% (n=5)
Evnovionos	
Experience	

Interpersonal Communication Competence



Secure vs Insecure in Anxiety & Avoidance Subscale

Score	Anxiety (n=13)	Avoidance (n=12)
Secure <19	15% (n=2)	50% (n=6)
Neutral 19-29	54% (n=7)	42% (n=5)
Insecure >30	31% (n=4)	8% (n=1)

Minimum Score 7 (low= secure)

Maximum Score 42 (high= insecure)

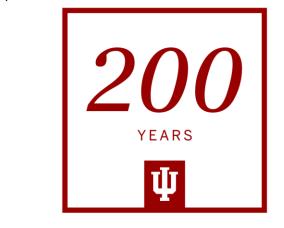
DISCUSSION

- Evidence supports 60% of individuals identify as having secure attachment style, 20% anxious & 20% avoidancant.⁸
- 31% (n=4) of participants in this study identified as insecure/anxious attachment styles contributing to fear of interpersonal rejection, excessive need for approval & distress when individuals are unavailable.
- Interpersonal Communication Competence was normally distributed in pre-licensure nurses & expected based on prior health care experience & clinical experience in the academic setting.
- Further research is warranted to determine if there is a correlation between insecure attachment styles, interpersonal communication competence levels and perceived support in new nurses.
- Small sample size limited the findings of this study but follow up with larger samples, longitudinal data, and pre/post test design could support how attachment styles in new nurses impacts stress, communication and perceived support during transition to practice thus impacting turnover.

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