

BACKGROUND

- Total Hip Replacement (THR) is among the most frequent surgical interventions in older adults.
- Patient need to learn how to manage their chronic condition using self-management approaches.
- It seemed appropriate to develop an eHealth selfmanagement to manage day-to-day health behaviors, using program management, real-time monitoring, and disease health knowledge.



AIMS The aim of the randomized controlled trial is to develop and evaluate the efficacy of an eHealth selfmanagement program to promote self-

management in patients with THR over a 12month follow up.

An eHealth Self-Management Program for Patients With Total Hip Replacement: Construction, Implementation, and Longitudinal Effects

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METHODS

- An eHealth self-management intervention, conduct a pilot study, and do psychometric testing of the instruments will be developed.
- In this 12-month randomized controlled trial, 220 hospitalized patients with THR will be recruited from a hospital.
- The "symptom management" strategy will focus on pain and early signs of complications from THR.
- We will record seven health-related outcomes: hip function, self-efficacy, depressive symptom, quality of life, selfmanagement behaviors, hip performance and health services use.
- Outcome measures were taken at baseline and at 1, 3, 6 and 12 months after commencement of the intervention.

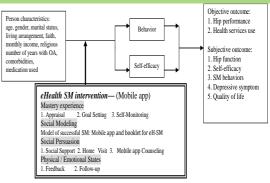


Figure 1. Conceptual framework for eHealth self-management program

CONCLUSIONS

• The development of an effective eHealth self-management intervention should help THR patients improve their selfmanagement ability and quality of life by removing the gap between patients and healthcare providers.